

**APPLICATION OF SPECTROSCOPIC METHODS IN MOLECULAR STRUCTURE DETERMINATION**

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

**PART – A**

(Compulsory Question)

\*\*\*\*\*

- 1 Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks)
- Define  $\lambda_{\text{max}}$  and chromophore.
  - Write the principle involved in visible spectroscopy.
  - What is the role of SDS in SDS-PAGE electrophoresis?
  - What is isoelectric focusing in electrophoresis?
  - Give the principle involved in NMR spectroscopy along with energy level diagram.
  - What is Larmor frequency and free induction decay in NMR spectroscopy?
  - Explain HRMS in mass spectrometry.
  - How to find functional groups in IR spectroscopy?
  - Explain the principle of PCR.
  - Explain the role of microscopy in bioanalysis & bioassays.

**PART – B**

(Answer all five units, 5 X 10 = 50 Marks)

**UNIT – I**

- 2 Explain Beer-Lamberts law with relevant equations.

**OR**

- 3 (a) Explain different types of electronic transitions in UV spectroscopy.  
(b) Explain theory involved in UV spectroscopy.

**UNIT – II**

- 4 Explain the method of analyzing macromolecules using gel electrophoresis.

**OR**

- 5 Write the principle, theory and applications of electrophoresis.

**UNIT – III**

- 6 Write a note on spin – spin coupling in NMR spectroscopy.

**OR**

- 7 How will you interpret NMR spectra? Give its applications.

**UNIT – IV**

- 8 Write the fragmentation pattern of molecules in mass spectrometry.

**OR**

- 9 Give the instrumentation and applications of IR spectroscopy.

**UNIT – V**

- 10 What are modern approaches in bioanalysis & bioassays? Explain.

**OR**

- 11 Explain double beam UV-visible spectrophotometer and its applications in bioanalysis.

\*\*\*\*\*