



*This Booklet contains 24 pages.*

**PP**

**Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.**

**Read carefully the Instructions on the Back Cover of this Test Booklet.**

***Important Instructions :***

1. The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on **Side-1** and **Side-2** carefully with **blue/black** ball point pen only.
2. The test is of **3 hours** duration and this Test Booklet contains **180** questions. Each question carries **4** marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get **4** marks. For each incorrect response, **one mark** will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are **720**.
3. Use **Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only** for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
5. **On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the Invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.**
6. The CODE for this Booklet is **PP**. Make sure that the CODE printed on **Side-2** of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
7. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet.
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An em wave is propagating in a medium with a velocity  $V = V\hat{i}$ . The instantaneous oscillating electric field of this em wave is along  $+y$  axis. Then the direction of oscillating magnetic field of the em wave will be along

- (1)  $-z$  direction
- (2)  $+z$  direction
- (3)  $-y$  direction
- (4)  $-x$  direction

2. The refractive index of the material of a prism is  $\sqrt{2}$  and the angle of the prism is  $30^\circ$ . One of the two refracting surfaces of the prism is made a mirror inwards, by silver coating. A beam of monochromatic light entering the prism from the other face will retrace its path (after reflection from the silvered surface) if its angle of incidence on the prism is

- (1)  $60^\circ$
- (2)  $45^\circ$
- (3)  $30^\circ$
- (4) zero



3. The magnetic potential energy stored in a certain inductor is 25 mJ, when the current in the inductor is 60 mA. This inductor is of inductance

- (1) 0.138 H
- (2) 138.88 H
- (3) 1.389 H
- (4) 13.89 H

4. An object is placed at a distance of 40 cm from a concave mirror of focal length 15 cm. If the object is displaced through a distance of 20 cm towards the mirror, the displacement of the image will be

- (1) 30 cm away from the mirror
- (2) 36 cm away from the mirror
- (3) 30 cm towards the mirror
- (4) 36 cm towards the mirror

$$u = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{20} - \frac{1}{15}} = \frac{1}{\frac{3-4}{60}} = \frac{1}{-\frac{1}{60}} = -60$$

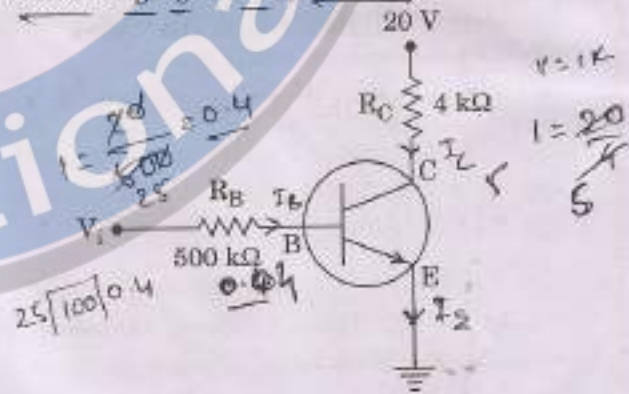
In the combination of the following gates the output Y can be written in terms of inputs A and B as



- (1)  $A \cdot B$
- (2)  $A \cdot \bar{B} + \bar{A} \cdot B$
- (3)  $\bar{A} \cdot \bar{B} + A \cdot B$
- (4)  $A + B$

AND Gate  
 $Y = A \times B$

In the circuit shown in the figure, the input voltage  $V_i$  is 20 V,  $V_{BE} = 0$  and  $V_{CE} = 0$ . The values of  $I_B$ ,  $I_C$  and  $\beta$  are given by



- (1)  $I_B = 40 \mu A$ ,  $I_C = 10 mA$ ,  $\beta = 250$
- (2)  $I_B = 25 \mu A$ ,  $I_C = 5 mA$ ,  $\beta = 200$
- (3)  $I_B = 20 \mu A$ ,  $I_C = 5 mA$ ,  $\beta = 250$
- (4)  $I_B = 40 \mu A$ ,  $I_C = 5 mA$ ,  $\beta = 125$

7. In a p-n junction diode, change in temperature due to heating

- (1) affects only reverse resistance
- (2) affects only forward resistance
- (3) does not affect resistance of p-n junction
- (4) affects the overall V - I characteristics of p-n junction

$$\frac{40, 15}{8, 3}$$

$$\frac{120}{200}$$



$$f = 15$$

$$u = -24$$

$$\frac{1}{u} = \frac{1}{v} - \frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{40} - \frac{1}{15} = \frac{3-8}{120} = \frac{-5}{120} = \frac{-1}{24}$$







✓ 15. Which one of the following statements is incorrect?

- (1) Rolling friction is smaller than sliding friction.
- (2) Limiting value of static friction is directly proportional to normal reaction.
- (3) Frictional force opposes the relative motion.
- (4) Coefficient of sliding friction has dimensions of length.

16. A moving block having mass  $m$ , collides with another stationary block having mass  $4m$ . The lighter block comes to rest after collision. When the initial velocity of the lighter block is  $v$ , then the value of coefficient of restitution ( $e$ ) will be

- (1) 0.5
- (2) 0.25
- (3) 0.8
- (4) 0.4

17. A body initially at rest and sliding along a frictionless track from a height  $h$  (as shown in the figure) just completes a vertical circle of diameter  $AB = D$ . The height  $h$  is equal to



- (1)  $\frac{3}{2}D$
- (2)  $D$
- (3)  $\frac{7}{5}D$
- ✓ (4)  $\frac{5}{4}D$

✓ 18. Three objects, A : (a solid sphere), B : (a thin circular disk) and C : (a circular ring), each have the same mass  $M$  and radius  $R$ . They all spin with the same angular speed  $\omega$  about their own symmetry axes. The amounts of work ( $W$ ) required to bring them to rest, would satisfy the relation

- (1)  $W_C > W_B > W_A$
- (2)  $W_A > W_B > W_C$
- (3)  $W_B > W_A > W_C$
- (4)  $W_A > W_C > W_B$

19. A tuning fork is used to produce resonance in a glass tube. The length of the air column in this tube can be adjusted by a variable piston. At room temperature of  $27^\circ\text{C}$  two successive resonances are produced at 20 cm and 73 cm of column length. If the frequency of the tuning fork is 320 Hz, the velocity of sound in air at  $27^\circ\text{C}$  is

- (1) 330 m/s
- (2) 339 m/s
- (3) 350 m/s
- (4) 300 m/s

20. An electron falls from rest through a vertical distance  $h$  in a uniform and vertically upward directed electric field ( $E$ ). The direction of electric field is now reversed, keeping its magnitude the same. A proton is allowed to fall from rest in it through the same vertical distance  $h$ . The time of fall of the electron, in comparison to the time of fall of the proton is

- (1) smaller
- (2) 5 times greater
- (3) 10 times greater
- (4) equal

21. A pendulum is hung from the roof of a sufficiently high building and is moving freely to and fro like a simple harmonic oscillator. The acceleration of the bob of the pendulum is  $20 \text{ m/s}^2$  at a distance of 5 m from the mean position. The time period of oscillation is

- (1)  $2\pi \text{ s}$
- (2)  $\pi \text{ s}$
- (3)  $2 \text{ s}$
- (4)  $1 \text{ s}$

$$F = \frac{Q^2}{\epsilon_0}$$

22. The electrostatic force between the metal plates of an isolated parallel plate capacitor  $C$  having charge  $Q$  and area  $A$ , is

- (1) independent of the distance between the plates.
- (2) linearly proportional to the distance between the plates.
- (3) proportional to the square root of distance between the plates.
- (4) inversely proportional to the distance between the plates.

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK



23. An electron of mass  $m$  with an initial velocity  $\vec{V} = V_0 \hat{i}$  ( $V_0 > 0$ ) enters an electric field  $\vec{E} = -E_0 \hat{i}$  ( $E_0 = \text{constant} > 0$ ) at  $t = 0$ . If  $\lambda_0$  is its de-Broglie wavelength initially, then its de-Broglie wavelength at time  $t$  is

- (1)  $\frac{\lambda_0}{\left(1 + \frac{eE_0 t}{mV_0}\right)}$   
 (2)  $\lambda_0 \left(1 + \frac{eE_0 t}{mV_0}\right)$   
 (3)  $\lambda_0 t$   
 (4)  $\lambda_0$

24. For a radioactive material, half-life is 10 minutes. If initially there are 600 number of nuclei, the time taken (in minutes) for the disintegration of 450 nuclei is

- (1) 20  
 (2) 10  
 (3) 30  
 (4) 15

25. When the light of frequency  $2\nu_0$  (where  $\nu_0$  is threshold frequency), is incident on a metal plate, the maximum velocity of electrons emitted is  $v_1$ . When the frequency of the incident radiation is increased to  $5\nu_0$ , the maximum velocity of electrons emitted from the same plate is  $v_2$ . The ratio of  $v_1$  to  $v_2$  is

- (1) 1:2  
 (2) 1:4  
 (3) 4:1  
 (4) 2:1

26. The ratio of kinetic energy to the total energy of an electron in a Bohr orbit of the hydrogen atom, is

- (1) 1:1  
 (2) 1:-1  
 (3) 2:-1  
 (4) 1:-2

27. The moment of the force,  $\vec{F} = 4\hat{i} + 5\hat{j} - 6\hat{k}$  at  $(2, 0, -3)$ , about the point  $(2, -2, -2)$ , is given by

- (1)  $-8\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} - 7\hat{k}$   
 (2)  $-4\hat{i} - \hat{j} - 8\hat{k}$   
 (3)  $-7\hat{i} - 8\hat{j} - 4\hat{k}$   
 (4)  $-7\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} - 8\hat{k}$

28. A block of mass  $m$  is placed on a smooth inclined wedge ABC of inclination  $\theta$  as shown in the figure. The wedge is given an acceleration 'a' towards the right. The relation between a and  $\theta$  for the block to remain stationary on the wedge is



- (1)  $a = \frac{g}{\csc \theta}$   
 (2)  $a = \frac{g}{\sin \theta}$   
 (3)  $a = g \cos \theta$   
 (4)  $a = g \tan \theta$

29. A toy car with charge  $q$  moves on a frictionless horizontal plane surface under the influence of a uniform electric field  $\vec{E}$ . Due to the force  $q\vec{E}$ , its velocity increases from 0 to 6 m/s in one second duration. At that instant the direction of the field is reversed. The car continues to move for two more seconds under the influence of this field. The average velocity and the average speed of the toy car between 0 to 3 seconds are respectively

- (1) 2 m/s, 4 m/s  
 (2) 1 m/s, 3 m/s  
 (3) 1 m/s, 3.5 m/s  
 (4) 1.5 m/s, 3 m/s

30. A student measured the diameter of a small steel ball using a screw gauge of least count 0.001 cm. The main scale reading is 5 mm and zero of circular scale division coincides with 25 divisions above the reference level. If screw gauge has a zero error of -0.004 cm, the correct diameter of the ball is

- (1) 0.521 cm  
 (2) 0.525 cm  
 (3) 0.053 cm  
 (4) 0.529 cm



31. Unpolarised light is incident from air on a plane surface of a material of refractive index  $\mu$ . At a particular angle of incidence  $i$  it is found that the reflected and refracted rays are perpendicular to each other. Which of the following options is correct for this situation?

- (1) Reflected light is polarised with its electric vector parallel to the plane of incidence
- (2) Reflected light is polarised with its electric vector perpendicular to the plane of incidence
- (3)  $i = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\mu}\right)$
- (4)  $i = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\mu}\right)$

$i = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\mu}\right)$

32. In Young's double slit experiment the separation  $d$  between the slits is 2 mm, the wavelength  $\lambda$  of the light used is 5896 Å and distance  $D$  between the screen and slits is 100 cm. It is found that the angular width of the fringes is  $0.20^\circ$ . To increase the fringe angular width to  $0.21^\circ$  (with same  $\lambda$  and  $D$ ) the separation between the slits needs to be changed to

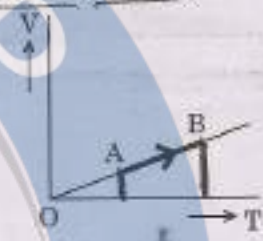
- (1) 1.8 mm
- (2) 1.9 mm
- (3) 2.1 mm
- (4) 1.7 mm

$d = 2 \text{ m}$   
 $\lambda = 5896$   
 $D = 100$   
 $\omega = \frac{\lambda D}{d}$   
 $d = \frac{5896 \times 100}{0.21}$

33. An astronomical refracting telescope will have large angular magnification and high angular resolution, when it has an objective lens of

- (1) small focal length and large diameter
- (2) large focal length and small diameter
- (3) large focal length and large diameter
- (4) small focal length and small diameter

34. The volume ( $V$ ) of a monatomic gas varies with its temperature ( $T$ ), as shown in the graph. The ratio of work done by the gas, to the heat absorbed by it, when it undergoes a change of state A to state B, is



- (1)  $\frac{2}{5}$
- (2)  $\frac{2}{3}$
- (3)  $\frac{1}{3}$
- (4)  $\frac{2}{7}$

35. The fundamental frequency in an open pipe is equal to the third harmonic of a closed organ pipe. If the length of the closed pipe is 20 cm, the length of the open organ pipe is

- (1) 13.2 cm
- (2) 8 cm
- (3) 12.5 cm
- (4) 16 cm

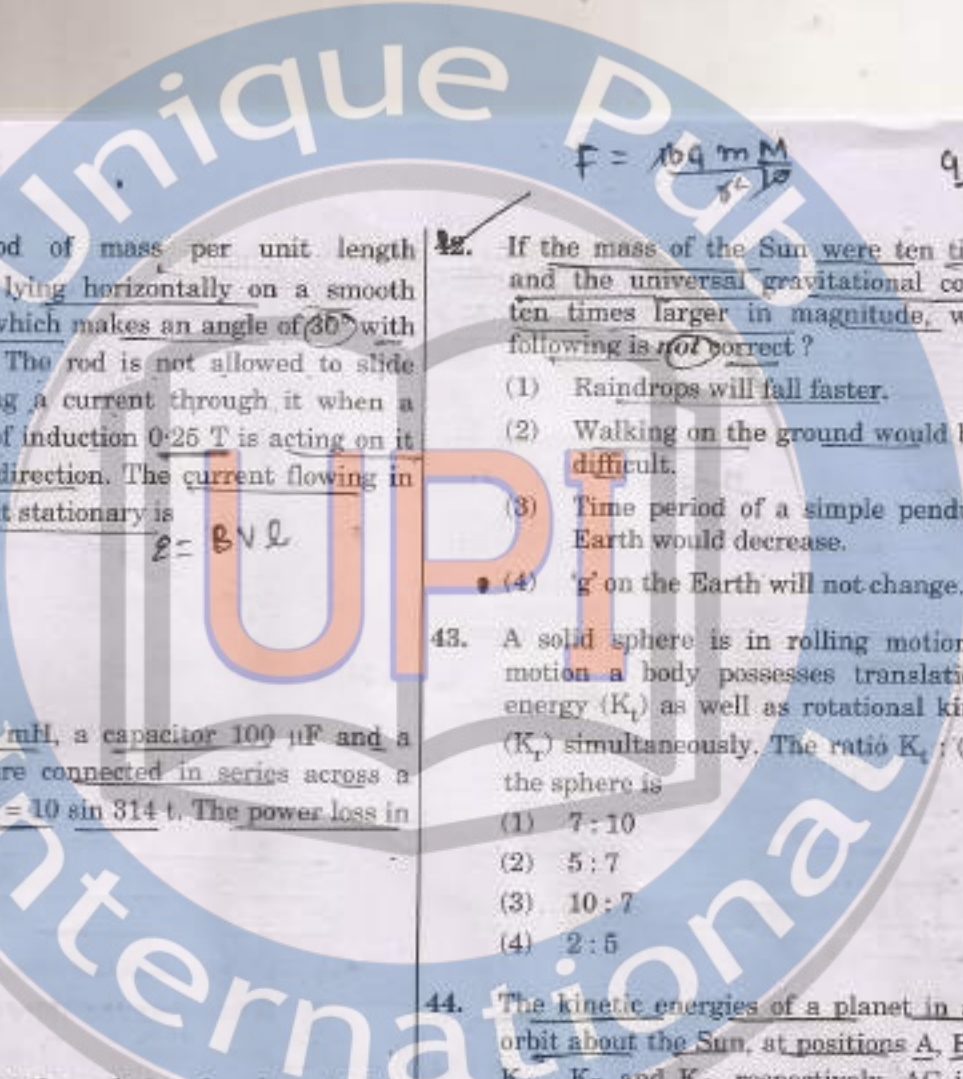
36. The efficiency of an ideal heat engine operating between the freezing point and boiling point of water, is

- (1) 26.8%
- (2) 20%
- (3) 6.25%
- (4) 12.5%

37. At what temperature will the rms speed of oxygen molecules become just sufficient for escaping from the Earth's atmosphere? (Given :

- Mass of oxygen molecule ( $m$ ) =  $2.76 \times 10^{-26}$  kg  
 Boltzmann's constant  $k_B = 1.38 \times 10^{-23}$  J/K
- (1)  $2.508 \times 10^4$  K
  - (2)  $8.360 \times 10^4$  K
  - (3)  $5.016 \times 10^4$  K
  - (4)  $1.254 \times 10^4$  K





$$F = \frac{10g m M}{r^2} \quad \frac{gM}{r^2}$$

38. A metallic rod of mass per unit length  $0.5 \text{ kg m}^{-1}$  is lying horizontally on a smooth inclined plane which makes an angle of  $30^\circ$  with the horizontal. The rod is not allowed to slide down by flowing a current through it when a magnetic field of induction  $0.25 \text{ T}$  is acting on it in the vertical direction. The current flowing in the rod to keep it stationary is

$$F = Bvl$$

- (1) 7.14 A
- (2) 5.98 A
- (3) 14.76 A
- (4) 11.32 A

39. An inductor  $20 \text{ mH}$ , a capacitor  $100 \text{ }\mu\text{F}$  and a resistor  $50 \text{ }\Omega$  are connected in series across a source of emf,  $V = 10 \sin 314 t$ . The power loss in the circuit is

- (1) 0.79 W
- (2) 0.43 W
- (3) 2.74 W
- (4) 1.13 W

40. A thin diamagnetic rod is placed vertically between the poles of an electromagnet. When the current in the electromagnet is switched on, then the diamagnetic rod is pushed up, out of the horizontal magnetic field. Hence the rod gains gravitational potential energy. The work required to do this comes from

- (1) the current source
- (2) the magnetic field
- (3) the lattice structure of the material of the rod
- (4) the induced electric field due to the changing magnetic field

41. Current sensitivity of a moving coil galvanometer is  $5 \text{ div/mA}$  and its voltage sensitivity (angular deflection per unit voltage applied) is  $20 \text{ div/V}$ . The resistance of the galvanometer is

- (1) 40  $\Omega$
- (2) 25  $\Omega$
- (3) 250  $\Omega$
- (4) 500  $\Omega$

$$V_0 = 20$$

$$I_0 = 5$$

42. If the mass of the Sun were ten times smaller and the universal gravitational constant were ten times larger in magnitude, which of the following is not correct?

- (1) Raindrops will fall faster.
- (2) Walking on the ground would become more difficult.
- (3) Time period of a simple pendulum on the Earth would decrease.
- (4) 'g' on the Earth will not change.

43. A solid sphere is in rolling motion. In rolling motion a body possesses translational kinetic energy ( $K_t$ ) as well as rotational kinetic energy ( $K_r$ ) simultaneously. The ratio  $K_t / (K_t + K_r)$  for the sphere is

- (1) 7:10
- (2) 5:7
- (3) 10:7
- (4) 2:5

44. The kinetic energies of a planet in an elliptical orbit about the Sun, at positions A, B and C are  $K_A$ ,  $K_B$  and  $K_C$ , respectively. AC is the major axis and SB is perpendicular to AC at the position of the Sun S as shown in the figure. Then



- (1)  $K_A < K_B < K_C$
- (2)  $K_A > K_B > K_C$
- (3)  $K_B < K_A < K_C$
- (4)  $K_B > K_A > K_C$

45. A solid sphere is rotating freely about its symmetry axis in free space. The radius of the sphere is increased keeping its mass same. Which of the following physical quantities would remain constant for the sphere?

- (1) Angular velocity
- (2) Moment of inertia
- (3) Rotational kinetic energy
- (4) Angular momentum

$$v = r\omega$$

$$r = \frac{v\omega}{\omega^2}$$



46. A mixture of 2.3 g formic acid and 4.5 g oxalic acid is treated with conc.  $H_2SO_4$ . The evolved gaseous mixture is passed through KOH pellets. Weight (in g) of the remaining product at STP will be

- (1) 1.4  
(2) 3.0  
(3) 2.8  
(4) 4.4

2.3  
4.5  
6.8

47. Nitration of aniline in strong acidic medium also gives m-nitroaniline because

- (1) In spite of substituents nitro group always goes to only m-position.  
(2) In electrophilic substitution reactions amino group is meta directive.  
(3) In absence of substituents nitro group always goes to m-position.  
(4) In acidic (strong) medium aniline is present as anilinium ion.

48. Which of the following oxides is most acidic in nature?

- (1)  $MgO$  ✗  
(2)  $BeO$  ✗  
(3)  $BaO$   
(4)  $CaO$  ✗

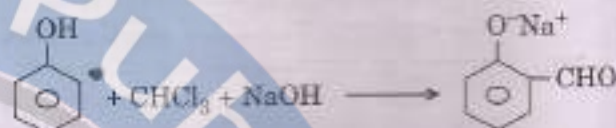
49. The difference between amylose and amylopectin is

- (1) Amylopectin have 1 → 4 α-linkage and 1 → 6 α-linkage  
(2) Amylose have 1 → 4 α-linkage and 1 → 6 β-linkage  
(3) Amylopectin have 1 → 4 α-linkage and 1 → 6 β-linkage  
(4) Amylose is made up of glucose and galactose

50. Regarding cross-linked or network polymers, which of the following statements is incorrect?

- (1) They contain covalent bonds between various linear polymer chains. ✓  
(2) They are formed from bi- and tri-functional monomers.  
(3) Examples are bakelite and melamine. ✓  
(4) They contain strong covalent bonds in their polymer chains. ✓

51. In the reaction



the electrophile involved is

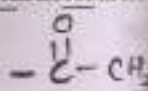
- (1) dichloromethyl cation ( $\overset{\oplus}{\text{C}}\text{HCl}_2$ )  
(2) formyl cation ( $\overset{\oplus}{\text{C}}\text{HO}$ ) ✗  
(3) dichloromethyl anion ( $\overset{\ominus}{\text{C}}\text{HCl}_2$ )  
(4) dichlorocarbene ( $\text{:CCl}_2$ ) ✗

52. Carboxylic acids have higher boiling points than aldehydes, ketones and even alcohols of comparable molecular masses. It is due to their

- (1) formation of intramolecular H-bonding  
(2) formation of carboxylate ion ✗  
(3) more extensive association of carboxylic acid via van der Waals force of attraction  
(4) formation of intermolecular H-bonding

53. Compound A,  $C_8H_{10}O$ , is found to react with NaOI (produced by reacting Y with NaOH) and yields a yellow precipitate with characteristic smell.

A and Y are respectively



- (1)  $\text{H}_3\text{C}-\text{C}_6\text{H}_4-\text{CH}_2-\text{OH}$  and  $\text{I}_2$   
(2)  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{OH}$  and  $\text{I}_2$   
(3)  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5-\text{CH}(\text{OH})-\text{CH}_3$  and  $\text{I}_2$   
(4)  $\text{CH}_3-\text{C}_6\text{H}_3(\text{OH})-\text{CH}_3$  and  $\text{I}_2$







62. Which of the following statements is not true for halogens?

- (1) All form monobasic oxoacids.
- (2) All are oxidizing agents.
- (3) All but fluorine show positive oxidation states.
- (4) Chlorine has the highest electron-gain enthalpy.

63. Which one of the following elements is unable to form  $MF_6^{3-}$  ion?

- (1) Ga
- (2) Al
- (3) B
- (4) In

64. In the structure of  $ClF_3$ , the number of lone pairs of electrons on central atom  $Cl$  is

- (1) one
- (2) two
- (3) four
- (4) three



65. Considering Ellingham diagram, which of the following metals can be used to reduce alumina?

- (1) Fe
- (2) Zn
- (3) Mg
- (4) Cu

66. The correct order of atomic radii in group 13 elements is

- (1)  $B < Al < In < Ga < Tl$
- (2)  $B < Al < Ga < In < Tl$
- (3)  $B < Ga < Al < Tl < In$
- (4)  $B < Ga < Al < In < Tl$

67. The correct order of N-compounds in its decreasing order of oxidation states is

- (1)  $HNO_3, NO, N_2, NH_4Cl$
- (2)  $HNO_3, NO, NH_4Cl, N_2$
- (3)  $HNO_3, NH_4Cl, NO, N_2$
- (4)  $NH_4Cl, N_2, NO, HNO_3$

68. On which of the following properties do coagulating power of an ion depend?

- (1) The magnitude of the charge on the ion alone
- (2) Size of the ion alone
- (3) Both magnitude and sign of the charge on the ion
- (4) The sign of charge on the ion alone

69. Following solutions were prepared by different volumes of NaOH and HCl of different concentrations:

- a.  $60 \text{ mL } \frac{M}{10} \text{ HCl} + 40 \text{ mL } \frac{M}{10} \text{ NaOH}$
- b.  $55 \text{ mL } \frac{M}{10} \text{ HCl} + 45 \text{ mL } \frac{M}{10} \text{ NaOH}$
- c.  $75 \text{ mL } \frac{M}{5} \text{ HCl} + 25 \text{ mL } \frac{M}{5} \text{ NaOH}$
- d.  $100 \text{ mL } \frac{M}{10} \text{ HCl} + 100 \text{ mL } \frac{M}{10} \text{ NaOH}$

pH of which one of them will be equal to 1?

- (1) b
- (2) a
- (3) d
- (4) c

70. The solubility of  $BaSO_4$  in water is  $2.42 \times 10^{-3} \text{ gL}^{-1}$  at 298 K. The value of solubility product ( $K_{sp}$ ) will be (Given molar mass of  $BaSO_4 = 233 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$ )

- (1)  $1.08 \times 10^{-10} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ L}^{-2}$
- (2)  $1.08 \times 10^{-12} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ L}^{-2}$
- (3)  $1.08 \times 10^{-14} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ L}^{-2}$
- (4)  $1.08 \times 10^{-8} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ L}^{-2}$

71. Given van der Waals constant for  $NH_3$  and  $CO_2$  are respectively 4.17, 0.244, 1.359, which one of the following gases is easily liquefied?

- (1)  $NH_3$
- (2)  $H_2$
- (3)  $O_2$
- (4)  $CO_2$



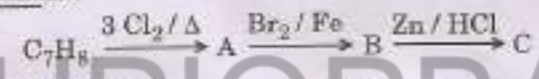
72. The compound (A) on treatment with Na gives B, and with  $\text{PCl}_5$  gives C. B and C react together to give diethyl ether. A, B and C are in the order

- (1)  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}, \text{C}_2\text{H}_6, \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{Cl}$
- (2)  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}, \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{Cl}, \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{ONa}$
- (3)  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{Cl}, \text{C}_2\text{H}_6, \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}$
- (4)  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}, \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{ONa}, \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{Cl}$

73. Hydrocarbon (A) reacts with bromine by substitution to form an alkyl bromide which by Wurtz reaction is converted to gaseous hydrocarbon containing less than four carbon atoms. (A) is

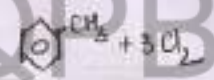
- (1)  $\text{CH}=\text{CH}$
- (2)  $\text{CH}_2=\text{CH}_2$
- (3)  $\text{CH}_3-\text{CH}_3$
- (4)  $\text{CH}_4$

74. The compound ( $\text{C}_7\text{H}_8$ ) undergoes the following reactions:



The product 'C' is

- (1) *m*-bromotoluene
- (2) *o*-bromotoluene
- (3) 3-bromo-2,4,6-trichlorotoluene
- (4) *p*-bromotoluene



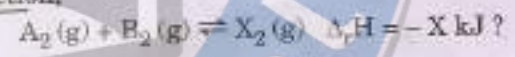
75. Which oxide of nitrogen is not a common pollutant introduced into the atmosphere both due to natural and human activity?

- (1)  $\text{N}_2\text{O}_5$
- (2)  $\text{NO}_2$  ✗
- (3)  $\text{N}_2\text{O}$
- (4)  $\text{NO}$

76. For the redox reaction  $2\text{MnO}_4^- + \text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-} + \text{H}^+ \rightarrow \text{Mn}^{2+} + \text{CO}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$  the correct coefficients of the reactants for the balanced equation are

	$\text{MnO}_4^-$	$\text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-}$	$\text{H}^+$
(1)	16	5	2
• (2)	2	5	16
(3)	2	16	5
(4)	5	16	2

77. Which one of the following conditions will favour maximum formation of the product in the reaction,



- (1) Low temperature and high pressure
- (2) Low temperature and low pressure
- (3) High temperature and high pressure
- (4) High temperature and low pressure

78. The correction factor (a) to the ideal gas equation corresponds to

$$pV = nRT$$

- (1) density of the gas molecules
- (2) volume of the gas molecules
- (3) electric field present between the gas molecules
- (4) forces of attraction between the gas molecules

79. When initial concentration of the reactant is doubled, the half-life period of a zero order reaction

- (1) is halved
- (2) is doubled
- (3) is tripled
- (4) remains unchanged

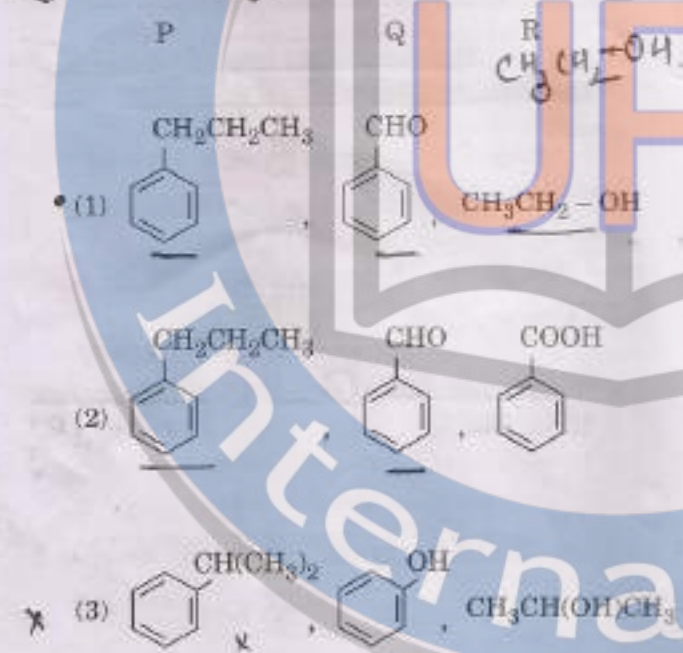
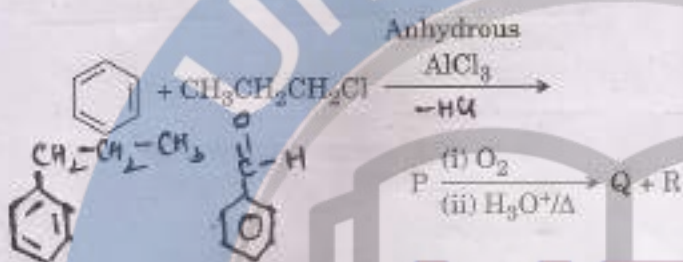
$$t_{1/2} = \frac{2x}{k}$$

80. The bond dissociation energies of  $\text{X}_2$ ,  $\text{Y}_2$  and  $\text{XY}$  are in the ratio of 1 : 0.5 : 1.  $\Delta H$  for the formation of  $\text{XY}$  is  $-200 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ . The bond dissociation energy of  $\text{X}_2$  will be

- (1)  $200 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$
- (2)  $100 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$
- (3)  $800 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$
- (4)  $400 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$



81. Identify the major products P, Q and R in the following sequence of reactions:



83. The type of isomerism shown by the complex [CoCl<sub>2</sub>(en)<sub>2</sub>] is

- (1) Geometrical isomerism
- (2) Coordination isomerism ✗
- (3) Ionization isomerism ✗
- (4) Linkage isomerism ✗

84. Which one of the following ions exhibits d-d transition and paramagnetism as well?

- (1) CrO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>
- (2) Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub><sup>2-</sup>
- (3) MnO<sub>4</sub><sup>-</sup>
- (4) MnO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>

85. The geometry and magnetic behaviour of the complex [Ni(CO)<sub>4</sub>] are

- (1) square planar geometry and diamagnetic
- (2) tetrahedral geometry and diamagnetic ✗
- (3) square planar geometry and paramagnetic
- (4) tetrahedral geometry and paramagnetic ✗

86. Iron carbonyl, Fe(CO)<sub>5</sub> is

- (1) tetranuclear
- (2) mononuclear
- (3) trinuclear
- (4) dinuclear

87. Match the metal ions given in Column I with the spin magnetic moments of the ions given in Column II and assign the correct code:

Column I	Column II
a. Co <sup>3+</sup>	i. √8 B.M.
b. Cr <sup>3+</sup>	ii. √35 B.M.
c. Fe <sup>3+</sup>	iii. √3 B.M.
d. Ni <sup>2+</sup>	iv. √24 B.M.
	v. √15 B.M.

- (1) iv   v   ii   i
- (2) i   ii   iii   iv
- (3) iv   i   ii   iii
- (4) iii   v   i   ii

82. Which of the following compounds can form a zwitterion?

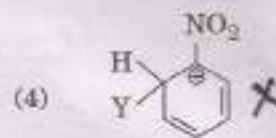
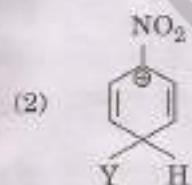
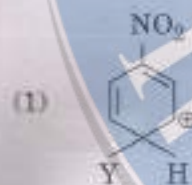
- (1) Aniline
- (2) Acetanilide
- (3) Benzoic acid
- (4) Glycine



88. Which of the following is correct with respect to -I effect of the substituents? (R = alkyl)

- (1)  $-\text{NH}_2 < -\text{OR} < -\text{F}$
- (2)  $-\text{NR}_2 < -\text{OR} < -\text{F}$
- (3)  $-\text{NH}_2 > -\text{OR} > -\text{F}$
- (4)  $-\text{NR}_2 > -\text{OR} > -\text{F}$

89. Which of the following carbocations is expected to be most stable?



90. Which of the following molecules represents the order of hybridisation  $sp^2, sp^2, sp, sp$  from left to right atoms?

- (1)  $\text{HC}=\text{C}-\text{C}=\text{CH}$  ✗
- (2)  $\text{CH}_2=\text{CH}-\text{C}=\text{CH}$
- (3)  $\text{CH}_2=\text{CH}-\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$  ✗
- (4)  $\text{CH}_3-\text{CH}=\text{CH}-\text{CH}_3$  ✗

91. The experimental proof for semiconservative replication of DNA was first shown in a

- (1) Fungus ✗
- (2) Bacterium
- (3) Plant ✗
- (4) Virus

92. Select the correct statement:

- (1) Franklin Stahl coined the term "linkage". ✗
- (2) Punnett square was developed by a British scientist. ✗
- (3) Spliceosomes take part in translation.
- (4) Transduction was discovered by S. Altman. ✗

93. Offsets are produced by

- (1) Meiotic divisions ✗
- (2) Mitotic divisions ✗
- (3) Parthenocarpy
- (4) Parthenogenesis

94. Which of the following pairs is wrongly matched?

- (1) Starch synthesis in pea : Multiple alleles
- (2) ABO blood grouping : Co-dominance ✓
- (3) XO type sex determination : Grasshopper ✓
- (4) T.H. Morgan : Linkage ✓

95. Which of the following flowers only once in its life-time?

- (1) Bamboo species
- (2) Jackfruit
- (3) Mango
- (4) Papaya

96. Select the correct match:

- (1) Alec Jeffreys - *Streptococcus pneumoniae* ✗
- (2) Alfred Hershey and Martha Chase - TMV
- (3) Matthew Meselson and F. Stahl - *Pisum sativum* ✗
- (4) Francois Jacob and Jacques Monod - *Lac operon*

97. Which of the following has proved helpful in preserving pollen as fossils?

- (1) Pollenkitt
- (2) Cellulosic intine
- (3) Oil content
- (4) Sporopollenin

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98. Stomatal movement is not affected by

- (1) Temperature
- (2) Light ✓
- (3) O<sub>2</sub> concentration
- (4) CO<sub>2</sub> concentration

99. The stage during which separation of the paired homologous chromosomes begins is

- (1) Pachytene ✗
- (2) Diplotene ✓
- (3) Diakinesis
- (4) Zygotene

100. The two functional groups characteristic of sugars are

- (1) hydroxyl and methyl
- (2) carbonyl and methyl
- (3) carbonyl and phosphate
- (4) carbonyl and hydroxyl ✓

101. Which of the following is not a product of light reaction of photosynthesis?

- (1) ATP
- (2) NADH
- (3) NADPH
- (4) Oxygen ✓

102. Stomata in grass leaf are

- (1) Dumb-bell shaped ✓
- (2) Kidney shaped
- (3) Rectangular
- (4) Barrel shaped

103. Which among the following is not a prokaryote?

- (1) *Saccharomyces* ✓
- (2) *Mycobacterium* ✓
- (3) *Nostoc* ✓
- (4) *Oscillatoria* ✓

104. Which of the following is true for nucleolus?

- (1) Larger nucleoli are present in dividing cells.
- (2) It is a membrane-bound structure. ✓
- (3) It takes part in spindle formation.
- (4) It is a site for active ribosomal RNA synthesis.

105. The Golgi complex participates in

- (1) Fatty acid breakdown
- (2) Formation of secretory vesicles ✓
- (3) Respiration in bacteria ✗
- (4) Activation of amino acid

106. In stratosphere, which of the following elements acts as a catalyst in degradation of ozone and release of molecular oxygen?

- (1) Carbon
- (2) Cl ✓
- (3) Fe
- (4) Oxygen

107. Which of the following is a secondary pollutant?

- (1) CO
- (2) CO<sub>2</sub>
- (3) SO<sub>2</sub>
- (4) O<sub>3</sub> ✓

108. Niche is

- (1) all the biological factors in the organism's environment
- (2) the physical space where an organism lives
- (3) the range of temperature that the organism needs to live ✓
- (4) the functional role played by the organism where it lives

109. Natality refers to

- (1) Death rate
- (2) Birth rate ✓
- (3) Number of individuals leaving the habitat
- (4) Number of individuals entering a habitat

110. What type of ecological pyramid would be obtained with the following data?

Secondary consumer : 120 g  
Primary consumer : 60 g  
Primary producer : 10 g

- (1) Inverted pyramid of biomass ✓
- (2) Pyramid of energy
- (3) Upright pyramid of numbers
- (4) Upright pyramid of biomass

111. World Ozone Day is celebrated on

- (1) 5<sup>th</sup> June
- (2) 21<sup>st</sup> April
- (3) 16<sup>th</sup> September ✓
- (4) 22<sup>nd</sup> April



112. Which of the following is commonly used as a vector for introducing a DNA fragment in human lymphocytes?

- (1) Retrovirus
- (2) Ti plasmid
- (3)  $\lambda$  phage
- (4) pBR 322

113. In India, the organisation responsible for assessing the safety of introducing genetically modified organisms for public use is

- (1) Indian Council of Medical Research (ICMR)
- (2) Council for Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR)
- (3) Research Committee on Genetic Manipulation (RCGM)
- (4) Genetic Engineering Appraisal Committee (GEAC)

114. A 'new' variety of rice was patented by a foreign company, though such varieties have been present in India for a long time. This is related to

- (1) Co-667
- (2) Sharbati Sonora
- (3) Lerma Rojo
- (4) Basmati

115. Select the correct match:

- (1) Ribozyme - Nucleic acid
- (2)  $F_2 \times$  Recessive parent - Dihybrid cross  $\times$
- (3) T.H. Morgan - Transduction  $\times$
- (4) G. Mendel - Transformation  $\times$

116. Use of bioresources by multinational companies and organisations without authorisation from the concerned country and its people is called

- (1) Bio-infringement
- (2) Biopiracy
- (3) Biodegradation
- (4) Bioexploitation

117. The correct order of steps in Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) is

- (1) Extension, Denaturation, Annealing
- (2) Annealing, Extension, Denaturation
- (3) Denaturation, Extension, Annealing
- (4) Denaturation, Annealing, Extension

118. (Secondary xylem) and (phloem) in dicot stem are produced by

- (1) Apical meristems  $\times$
- (2) Vascular cambium
- (3) Phellogen
- (4) Axillary meristems

119. Pneumatophores occur in

- (1) Halophytes
- (2) Free-floating hydrophytes  $\times$
- (3) Carnivorous plants  $\times$
- (4) Submerged hydrophytes

120. Sweet potato is a modified

- (1) Stem
- (2) Adventitious root
- (3) Tap root  $\times$
- (4) Rhizome  $\times$

121. Which of the following statements is correct?

- (1) Ovules are not enclosed by ovary wall in gymnosperms.
- (2) *Selaginella* is heterosporous, while *Salvinia* is homosporous.
- (3) Horsetails are gymnosperms.
- (4) Stems are usually unbranched in both *Cycas* and *Cedrus*.

122. Select the wrong statement:

- (1) Cell wall is present in members of Fungi and Plantae.
- (2) Mushrooms belong to Basidiomycetes.
- (3) Pseudopodia are locomotory and feeding structures in Sporozoans.
- (4) Mitochondria are the powerhouse of the cell in all kingdoms except Monera.

123. Casparian strips occur in

- (1) Epidermis
- (2) Pericycle
- (3) Cortex
- (4) Endodermis

124. Plants having little or no secondary growth are

- (1) Grasses
- (2) Deciduous angiosperms
- (3) Conifers
- (4) Cycads



125. Which one is wrongly matched?
- (1) Uniflagellate gametes - *Polysiphonia*  
 (2) Biflagellate zoospores - *Brown algae*  
 (3) Gemma cups - *Marchantia*  
 (4) Unicellular organism - *Chlorella*

Green algae  
 Brown algae  
 Red algae

126. Match the items given in Column I with those in Column II and select the correct option given below:

Column I	Column II
a. Herbarium	i. It is a place having a collection of preserved plants and animals.
b. Key	ii. A list that enumerates methodically all the species found in an area with brief description aiding identification.
c. Museum	iii. Is a place where dried and pressed plant specimens mounted on sheets are kept.
d. Catalogue	iv. A booklet containing a list of characters and their alternates which are helpful in identification of various taxa.

- |     | a   | b  | c   | d    |
|-----|-----|----|-----|------|
| (1) | i   | iv | iii | ii ✗ |
| (2) | iii | ii | i   | iv   |
| (3) | ii  | iv | iii | i ✗  |
| (4) | iii | iv | i   | ii   |

127. Winged pollen grains are present in
- (1) Mustard ✗  
 (2) *Cycas*  
 (3) Mango ✗  
 (4) *Pinus* Sulphur shower.

128. After karyogamy followed by meiosis, spores are produced exogenously in
- (1) *Neurospora*  
 (2) *Alternaria* ✗  
 (3) *Agaricus* ✗  
 (4) *Saccharomyces* ✗

129. What is the role of  $NAD^+$  in cellular respiration?
- (1) It functions as an enzyme. ✗  
 (2) It functions as an electron carrier.  
 (3) It is a nucleotide source for ATP synthesis. ✗  
 (4) It is the final electron acceptor for anaerobic respiration.

130. Oxygen is not produced during photosynthesis by
- (1) Green sulphur bacteria ✓  
 (2) *Nostoc*  
 (3) *Cycas* ✓  
 (4) *Chara* ✓

131. Pollen grains can be stored for several years in liquid nitrogen having a temperature of
- (1)  $-120^\circ C$   
 (2)  $-80^\circ C$   
 (3)  $-196^\circ C$   
 (4)  $-160^\circ C$

132. In which of the following forms is iron absorbed by plants?
- (1) Ferric  $Fe^+$   $Fe^{2+}$   
 (2) Ferrous  
 (3) Free element  
 (4) Both ferric and ferrous

133. Double fertilization is
- (1) Fusion of two male gametes of a pollen tube with two different eggs ✗  
 (2) Fusion of one male gamete with two polar nuclei  
 (3) Fusion of two male gametes with one egg ✗  
 (4) Syngamy and triple fusion

134. Which of the following elements is responsible for maintaining turgor in cells?
- (1) Magnesium  
 (2) Sodium  
 (3) Potassium  
 (4) Calcium
- Stomata

135. Which one of the following plants shows a very close relationship with a species of moth, where none of the two can complete its life cycle without the other?
- (1) *Hydrilla*  
 (2) *Yucca*  
 (3) *Banana*  
 (4) *Viola*



136. Hormones secreted by the placenta to maintain pregnancy are

- (1) hCG, hPL, progesterone, prolactin
- (2) hCG, hPL, estrogens, relaxin, oxytocin
- (3) hCG, hPL, progesterone, estrogens
- (4) hCG, progesterone, estrogens, glucocorticoids

137. The contraceptive 'SAHELI'

- (1) blocks estrogen receptors in the uterus, preventing eggs from getting implanted. ✗
- (2) increases the concentration of estrogen and prevents ovulation in females. ✗
- (3) is an IUD. ✗
- (4) is a post-coital contraceptive. ✗

138. The difference between spermiogenesis and spermiation is

- (1) In spermiogenesis spermatids are formed, while in spermiation spermatozoa are formed.
- (2) In spermiogenesis spermatozoa are formed, while in spermiation spermatids are formed.
- (3) In spermiogenesis spermatozoa from sertoli cells are released into the cavity of seminiferous tubules, while in spermiation spermatozoa are formed.
- (4) In spermiogenesis spermatozoa are formed, while in spermiation spermatozoa are released from sertoli cells into the cavity of seminiferous tubules.

139. The amnion of mammalian embryo is derived from

- (1) ectoderm and mesoderm
- (2) endoderm and mesoderm
- (3) mesoderm and trophoblast
- (4) ectoderm and endoderm

140. In a growing population of a country,

- (1) pre-reproductive individuals are more than the reproductive individuals. ✗
- (2) reproductive individuals are less than the post-reproductive individuals. ✗
- (3) reproductive and pre-reproductive individuals are equal in number.
- (4) pre-reproductive individuals are less than the reproductive individuals.

141. All of the following are included in 'Ex-situ conservation' except

- (1) Wildlife safari parks ✓
- (2) Sacred groves
- (3) Botanical gardens ✓
- (4) Seed banks ✓

142. Which part of poppy plant is used to obtain the drug 'Smack'?

- (1) Flowers
- (2) Latex
- (3) Roots ✗
- (4) Leaves ✗

143. Match the items given in Column I with those in Column II and select the correct option given below:

Column I	Column II
a. Eutrophication	i. UV-B radiation
b. Sanitary landfill	ii. Deforestation
c. Snow blindness	iii. Nutrient enrichment
d. Jhum cultivation	iv. Waste disposal

a	b	c	d
(1) ii	i	iii	iv ✗
(2) i	iii	iv	ii ✗
• (3) iii	iv	i	ii
(4) i	ii	iv	iii ✗

144. Which one of the following population interactions is widely used in medical science for the production of antibiotic?

- (1) Commensalism
- (2) Mutualism
- (3) Parasitism ✗
- (4) Amensalism

O+



145. Which of the following events does not occur in rough endoplasmic reticulum?

- RER
- (1) Protein folding
  - (2) Protein glycosylation
  - (3) Cleavage of signal peptide
  - (4) Phospholipid synthesis

146. Which of these statements is incorrect?

- (1) Enzymes of TCA cycle are present in mitochondrial matrix.
- (2) Glycolysis occurs in cytosol.
- (3) Glycolysis operates as long as it is supplied with NAD that can pick up hydrogen atoms.
- (4) Oxidative phosphorylation takes place in outer mitochondrial membrane.

147. Many ribosomes may associate with a single mRNA to form multiple copies of a polypeptide simultaneously. Such strings of ribosomes are termed as

- (1) Polysome
- (2) Polyhedral bodies
- (3) Plastidome ✗
- (4) Nucleosome ✗

148. Select the incorrect match :

- (1) Lambrush chromosomes - Diplotene bivalents
- (2) Allosomes - Sex chromosomes ✗
- (3) Submetacentric chromosomes - L-shaped chromosomes
- (4) Polytene chromosomes - Oocytes of amphibians

149. Nissl bodies are mainly composed of

- (1) Proteins and lipids ✗
- (2) DNA and RNA ✗
- (3) Nucleic acids and SER
- (4) Free ribosomes and RER



150. Which of the following terms describe human dentition?

- (1) Thecodont, Diphyodont, Homodont
- (2) Thecodont, Diphyodont, Heterodont
- (3) Pleurodont, Monophyodont, Homodont ✗
- (4) Pleurodont, Diphyodont, Heterodont ✗

151. Match the items given in Column I with those in Column II and select the correct option given below :

Column I	Column II
a. Glycosuria	i. Accumulation of uric acid in joints
b. Gout	ii. Mass of crystallised salts within the kidney
c. Renal calculi	iii. Inflammation in glomeruli
d. Glomerular nephritis	iv. Presence of glucose in urine

- |       | a   | b   | c   | d   |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| (1)   | iii | ii  | iv  | i   |
| (2)   | i   | ii  | iii | iv  |
| (3)   | ii  | iii | i   | iv  |
| • (4) | iv  | i   | ii  | iii |

152. Match the items given in Column I with those in Column II and select the correct option given below :

Column I (Function)	Column II (Part of Excretory System)
a. Ultrafiltration	i. Henle's loop
b. Concentration of urine	ii. Ureter
c. Transport of urine	iii. Urinary bladder
d. Storage of urine	iv. Malpighian corpuscle
	v. Proximal convoluted tubule

- |       | a  | b  | c  | d     |
|-------|----|----|----|-------|
| (1)   | iv | v  | ii | iii   |
| • (2) | iv | i  | ii | iii   |
| (3)   | v  | iv | i  | ii ✗  |
| (4)   | v  | iv | i  | iii ✗ |



158. The similarity of bone structure in the forelimbs of many vertebrates is an example of

- (1) Homology
- (2) Analogy
- (3) Convergent evolution
- (4) Adaptive radiation

159. Which of the following is not an autoimmune disease?

- (1) Psoriasis
- (2) Rheumatoid arthritis
- (3) Alzheimer's disease
- (4) Vitiligo

160. Among the following sets of examples for divergent evolution, select the incorrect option:

- (1) Forelimbs of man, bat and cheetah
- (2) Heart of bat, man and cheetah
- (3) Brain of bat, man and cheetah
- (4) Eye of octopus, bat and man

161. Which of the following characteristics represent 'Inheritance of blood groups' in humans?

- a. Dominance
  - b. Co-dominance
  - c. Multiple allele
  - d. Incomplete dominance
  - e. Polygenic inheritance
- (1) b, c and e  
 (2) a, b and c  
 (3) b, d and e  
 (4) a, c and e

162. In which disease does mosquito transmitted pathogen cause chronic inflammation of lymphatic vessels?

- (1) Elephantiasis
  - (2) Ascariasis
  - (3) Ringworm disease
  - (4) Amoebiasis
- Amoebic dysentery*

163. Conversion of milk to curd improves its nutritional value by increasing the amount of

- (1) Vitamin D
- (2) Vitamin A
- (3) Vitamin B<sub>12</sub>
- (4) Vitamin E

159. Which of the following is an amino acid derived hormone?

- (1) Epinephrine
- (2) Ecdysone
- (3) Estradiol
- (4) Estriol

160. Which of the following structures or regions is incorrectly paired with its function?

- (1) Medulla oblongata : controls respiration and cardiovascular reflexes.
- (2) Limbic system : consists of fibre tracts that interconnect different regions of brain; controls movement.
- (3) Hypothalamus : production of releasing hormones and regulation of temperature, hunger and thirst.
- (4) Corpus callosum : band of fibers connecting left and right cerebral hemispheres.

161. Which of the following hormones can play a significant role in osteoporosis?

- (1) Aldosterone and Prolactin
- (2) Progesterone and Aldosterone
- (3) Estrogen and Parathyroid hormone
- (4) Parathyroid hormone and Prolactin

162. The transparent lens in the human eye is held in its place by

- (1) ligaments attached to the ciliary body
- (2) ligaments attached to the iris
- (3) smooth muscles attached to the iris
- (4) smooth muscles attached to the ciliary body



Porifera Cnidophora Eridania Platyhelminths Asclimonthis Annelida Arthropoda  
 Mollusca Echinodermata Hemichordata Chordata.

163. Which of the following animals does not undergo metamorphosis?

- (1) Earthworm
- (2) Tunicate
- (3) Moth
- (4) Starfish

164. Identify the vertebrate group of animals characterized by crop and gizzard in its digestive system.

- (1) Amphibia
- (2) Reptilia X
- (3) Aves X
- (4) Osteichthyes X

Periplanata americana  
 Cockroach

165. Which of the following organisms are known as chief producers in the oceans?

- (1) Dinoflagellates
- (2) Diatoms
- (3) Cyanobacteria X
- (4) Euglenoids X

166. Which one of these animals is not a homeotherm?

- (1) Macropus
- (2) Chelone
- (3) Camelus
- (4) Psittacula

Warm blooded.

167. Ciliates differ from all other protozoans in

- (1) using flagella for locomotion
- (2) having a contractile vacuole for removing excess water X
- (3) using pseudopodia for capturing prey
- (4) having two types of nuclei

168. Which of the following features is used to identify a male cockroach from a female cockroach?

- (1) Presence of a boat shaped sternum on the 9<sup>th</sup> abdominal segment X
- (2) Presence of caudal styles X
- (3) Forewings with darker tegmina X
- (4) Presence of anal cerci



169. Which of the following options correctly represents the lung conditions in asthma and emphysema, respectively?

- (1) Inflammation of bronchioles; Decreased respiratory surface
- (2) Increased number of bronchioles; Increased respiratory surface
- (3) Increased respiratory surface; Inflammation of bronchioles
- (4) Decreased respiratory surface; Inflammation of bronchioles

170. Match the items given in Column I with those in Column II and select the correct option given below:

Column I	Column II
a. Tricuspid valve	i. Between left atrium and left ventricle
b. Bicuspid valve	ii. Between right ventricle and pulmonary artery
c. Semilunar valve	iii. Between right atrium and right ventricle

	a	b	c
(1)	iii	i	ii
(2)	i	iii	ii
(3)	i	ii	iii
(4)	ii	i	iii



171. Match the items given in Column I with those in Column II and select the correct option given below:

Column I	Column II
a. Tidal volume	i. 2500 - 3000 mL
b. Inspiratory Reserve volume	ii. 1100 - 1200 mL
c. Expiratory Reserve volume	iii. 500 - 550 mL
d. Residual volume	iv. 1000 - 1100 mL

	a	b	c	d
(1)	iii	ii	i	iv
(2)	iii	i	iv	ii
• (3)	i	iv	ii	iii
(4)	iv	iii	ii	i



172. AGGTATCGCAT is a sequence from the coding strand of a gene. What will be the corresponding sequence of the transcribed mRNA?

(1) AGGUAUCGCAU  
 (2) UGGTUTCGCAT  
 (3) ACCUAUGC GAU  
 (4) UCCAUAGCGUA

173. According to (Hugo de Vries) the mechanism of evolution is

(1) Multiple step mutations  
 (2) Saltation  
 (3) Phenotypic variations  
 (4) Minor mutations

174. Match the items given in Column I with those in Column II and select the correct option given below :

Column I	Column II
a. Proliferative Phase	i. Breakdown of endometrial lining
b. Secretory Phase	ii. Follicular Phase
c. Menstruation	iii. Luteal Phase

a	b	c
(1) iii	ii	i
(2) i	iii	ii
(3) ii	iii	i
(4) iii	i	ii

175. A woman has an X-linked condition on one of her X chromosomes. This chromosome can be inherited by

(1) Only daughters  
 (2) Only sons  
 (3) Only grandchildren  
 (4) Both sons and daughters

176. All of the following are part of an operon (except)

(1) an operator  
 (2) structural genes ✓  
 (3) an enhancer  
 (4) a promoter ✓

177. Which of the following gastric cells indirectly help in erythropoiesis?

- (1) Chief cells  
 (2) Mucous cells  
 (3) Goblet cells  
 (4) Parietal cells

178. Match the items given in Column I with those in Column II and select the correct option given below :

Column I	Column II
a. Fibrinogen	i. Osmotic balance
b. Globulin	ii. Blood clotting
c. Albumin	iii. Defence mechanism

a	b	c
(1) iii	ii	i
(2) i	ii	iii
(3) i	iii	ii
(4) ii	iii	i

179. Calcium is important in skeletal muscle contraction because it

- (1) binds to troponin to remove the masking of active sites on actin for myosin.  
 (2) activates the myosin ATPase by binding to it.  
 (3) detaches the myosin head from the actin filament.  
 (4) prevents the formation of bonds between the myosin cross bridges and the actin filament. ✗

180. Which of the following is an occupational respiratory disorder?

- (1) Anthracis  
 (2) Silicosis  
 (3) Botulism  
 (4) Emphysema