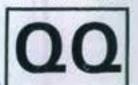




**Test Booklet Code** 



This Booklet contains 24 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

Read carefully the Instructions on the Back Cover of this Test Booklet.

## Important Instructions:

- The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on Side-1 and Side-2 carefully with blue/black ball point pen only.
- The test is of 3 hours duration and this Test Booklet contains 180 questions. Each question carries 4 marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get 4 marks. For each incorrect response, one mark will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are 720.
- 3. Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the Invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 6. The CODE for this Booklet is QQ. Make sure that the CODE printed on Side-2 of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- 7. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet.
- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is not permissible on the Answer Sheet.

- Which of the following statements is not true for halogens?
  - (1) All form monobasic oxyacids.
  - (2) Chlorine has the highest electron-gain enthalpy.
  - (3) All but fluorine show positive exidation states.
  - (4) All are oxidizing agents.
- 2. The correct order of atomic radii in group 13 elements is
  - (1) B < Al < In < Ga < Tl
  - (2) B < Ga < Al < In < Tl
  - (3) B < Ga < Al < Tl < In
  - (4) B < Al < Ga < In < Tl
- In the structure of ClF<sub>3</sub>, the number of lone pairs of electrons on central atom 'Cl' is
  - (1) one
  - (2) three
  - (3) four
  - (4) two
- 4. The correct order of N-compounds in its decreasing order of oxidation states is
  - (1) HNO3, NO, N2, NH4Cl
  - (2) NH<sub>4</sub>Cl, N<sub>2</sub>, NO, HNO<sub>3</sub>
  - (8) HNO3, NH4Cl, NO, N2
  - (4) HNO<sub>3</sub>, NO, NH<sub>4</sub>Cl, N<sub>2</sub>
- 5. Which one of the following elements is unable to form MF<sub>6</sub><sup>3-</sup> ion?
  - (1) Ga
  - (2) In
  - (3) B
  - (4) Al
- 6. Considering Ellingham diagram, which of the following metals can be used to reduce alumina?
  - NO Fe
  - (2) Cu
  - (3) Mg
  - (4) Zn

- The compound A on treatment with Na gives B, and with PCl<sub>5</sub> gives C. B and C react together to give diethyl ether. A, B and C are in the order
  - (1) C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>OH, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>Cl
  - (2) C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>OH, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>ONa, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>Cl
  - (3) C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>Cl, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>OH
  - (4) C2H5OH, C2H5Cl, C2H5ONa
- 8. Hydrocarbon (A) reacts with bromine by substitution to form an alkyl bromide which by Wurtz reaction is converted to gaseous hydrocarbon containing less than four carbon atoms. (A) is
  - (1) CH = CH
  - (2) CH<sub>4</sub>
  - (A) CH3-CH3
  - (4)  $CH_2 = CH_2$
- 9. The compound C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>8</sub> undergoes the following reactions:

$$C_7H_8 \xrightarrow{3 \text{ Cl}_2/\Delta} A \xrightarrow{Br_2/\text{Fe}} B \xrightarrow{Zn/\text{HCl}} C$$

The product 'C' is

- (1) m-bromotoluene
- (2) p-bromotoluene
- (3) 3-bromo-2,4,6-trichlorotoluene
- (4) o-bromotoluene
- 10. Which oxide of nitrogen is not a common pollutant introduced into the atmosphere both due to natural and human activity?
  - N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>
  - (2) NO
  - (3) N<sub>2</sub>O
  - (4) NO<sub>2</sub>

- 11. Following solutions were prepared by mixing different volumes of NaOH and HCl of different concentrations:
  - a.  $60 \text{ mL } \frac{\text{M}}{10} \text{ HCl} + 40 \text{ mL } \frac{\text{M}}{10} \text{ NaOH}$
  - b.  $55 \text{ mL } \frac{\text{M}}{10} \text{ HCl} + 45 \text{ mL } \frac{\text{M}}{10} \text{ NaOH}$
  - c.  $75 \text{ mL} \frac{\text{M}}{5} \text{ HCl} + 25 \text{ mL} \frac{\text{M}}{5} \text{ NaOH}$
  - d.  $100 \text{ mL } \frac{M}{10} \text{ HCl} + 100 \text{ mL } \frac{M}{10} \text{ NaOH}$

pH of which one of them will be equal to 1?

- (1) b
- (2) c
- (SQ) d
- (4) a
- 12. On which of the following properties does the coagulating power of an ion depend?
  - The magnitude of the charge on the ion alone
  - (2) The sign of charge on the ion alone
  - (3) Both magnitude and sign of the charge on the ion
  - (4) Size of the ion alone
- 13. The solubility of BaSO<sub>4</sub> in water is  $2.42 \times 10^{-3} \text{ gL}^{-1}$  at 298 K. The value of its solubility product ( $K_{sp}$ ) will be (Given molar mass of BaSO<sub>4</sub> = 233 g mol<sup>-1</sup>)
  - (1)  $1.08 \times 10^{-10} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ L}^{-2}$
  - (2)  $1.08 \times 10^{-8} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ L}^{-2}$
  - (3)  $1.08 \times 10^{-14} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ L}^{-2}$
  - (4)  $1.08 \times 10^{-12} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ L}^{-2}$
- 14. Given van der Waals constant for NH<sub>3</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>2</sub> and CO<sub>2</sub> are respectively 4·17, 0·244, 1·36 and 3·59, which one of the following gases is most easily liquefied?
  - (1) NH<sub>3</sub>
  - (2) CO<sub>2</sub>
  - (3) O<sub>2</sub>
  - (4) H<sub>2</sub>

5. Match the metal ions given in Column I with the spin magnetic moments of the ions given in Column II and assign the correct code:

Column I Column II

- a.  $Co^{3+}$  i.  $\sqrt{8}$  B.M.
- b. Cr<sup>3+</sup>
   ii. √35 B.M.
- c. Fe<sup>3+</sup> iii. √3 B.M.
- d.  $Ni^{2+}$  iv.  $\sqrt{24}$  B.M.
  - v. √15 B.M.
  - a b c d
- (1) iv v ii i
- (2) iii v i ii
- (3) iv i ii iii
- (4) i ii iii iv
- 16. Iron carbonyl, Fe(CO)5 is
  - (1) tetranuclear
  - (2) dinuclear
  - (3) trinuclear
  - (4) mononuclear
- The geometry and magnetic behaviour of the complex [Ni(CO)<sub>4</sub>] are
  - (1) square planar geometry and diamagnetic
  - (2) tetrahedral geometry and paramagnetic
  - (3) square planar geometry and paramagnetic
  - (4) tetrahedral geometry and diamagnetic
- 18. Which one of the following ions exhibits d-d transition and paramagnetism as well?
  - (1) CrO<sub>4</sub><sup>2</sup>
  - (2) MnO<sub>4</sub><sup>2</sup>
  - (3) MnO<sub>4</sub>
  - (4) Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub><sup>2</sup>
- The type of isomerism shown by the complex [CoCl<sub>2</sub>(en)<sub>2</sub>] is
  - (1) Geometrical isomerism
  - (2) Linkage isomerism
  - (3) Ionization isomerism
  - (4) Coordination isomerism

20. Identify the major products P. Q and R in the 22. following sequence of reactions:



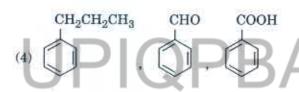
$$P \xrightarrow{(i) O_2} Q + R$$

P

Q R

(1)  $CH_2CH_2CH_3$  CHO  $CH_3CH_2-OH$ 

(2)  $CH(CH_3)_2$   $CH_3 - CO - CH_3$ 



- 21. Which of the following compounds can form a zwitterion?
  - (1) Aniline
  - (2) Glycine
  - (3) Benzoic acid
  - (4) Acetanilide

- 22. Which of the following molecules represents the order of hybridisation sp<sup>2</sup>, sp<sup>2</sup>, sp, sp from left to right atoms?
  - (1) HC = C C = CH
  - (2) CH<sub>3</sub> CH = CH CH<sub>3</sub>
  - (3) CH<sub>2</sub> = CH CH = CH<sub>2</sub>
  - (4)  $CH_2 = CH C \equiv CH$
- 23. Which of the following carbocations is expected to be most stable?

(1) NO<sub>2</sub>

(2) H NO<sub>2</sub>

(3) H

IK<sub>NO2</sub>COV

- (4) B
- 24. Which of the following is correct with respect to - I effect of the substituents? (R = alkyl)
  - $(1) NH_2 < -OR < -F$
  - (2)  $-NR_2 > -OR > -F$
  - (3)  $-NH_2 > -OR > -F$
  - (4) -NR<sub>2</sub> < -OR < -F

- 25. Magnesium reacts with an element (X) to form an ionic compound. If the ground state electronic configuration of (X) is 1s<sup>2</sup> 2s<sup>2</sup> 2p<sup>3</sup>, the simplest formula for this compound is
  - (1) Mg<sub>2</sub>X<sub>3</sub>
  - (2) Mg<sub>3</sub>X<sub>2</sub>
  - (3) Mg<sub>2</sub>X
  - (4) MgX<sub>2</sub>
- 26. Iron exhibits bcc structure at room temperature.

  Above 900°C, it transforms to fcc structure. The ratio of density of iron at room temperature to that at 900°C (assuming molar mass and atomic radii of iron remains constant with temperature) is
  - (1)  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}}$
  - (2)  $\frac{1}{2}$
  - $(3) \quad \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{4\sqrt{2}}$
  - $(4) \quad \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{3\sqrt{2}}$
- 27. Which one is a wrong statement?
  - Total orbital angular momentum of electron in 's' orbital is equal to zero.
  - (2) The value of m for d<sub>2</sub> is zero.
  - (3) The electronic configuration of N atom is

$1s^2$	$2s^2$	$2p_x^1$	$2p_y^1$	$2p_z^1$
11	↑ ↓	1	1	4

- (4) An orbital is designated by three quantum numbers while an electron in an atom is designated by four quantum numbers.
- 28. Consider the following species:

CN+, CN-, NO and CN

Which one of these will have the highest bond order?

- (1) NO
- (2) CN
- (3) CN+
- (4) CN

29. In the reaction

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{OH} \\
\hline
\text{O} + \text{CHCl}_3 + \text{NaOH}
\end{array}$$

the electrophile involved is

- (1) dichloromethyl cation (CHCl<sub>2</sub>)
- (2) dichlorocarbene (:CClo)
- (3) dichloromethyl anion (CHCl<sub>2</sub>)
- (4) formyl cation (CHO)
- 30. Carboxylic acids have higher boiling points than aldehydes, ketones and even alcohols of comparable molecular mass. It is due to their
  - (1) formation of intramolecular H-bonding
  - (2) formation of intermolecular H-bonding
  - (3) more extensive association of carboxylic acid via van der Waals force of attraction
  - (4) formation of carboxylate ion
- 31. Compound A, C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>10</sub>O, is found to react with NaOI (produced by reacting Y with NaOH) and yields a yellow precipitate with characteristic smell.

A and Y are respectively

(1) 
$$H_3C \longrightarrow CH_2 - OH \text{ and } I_2$$

(2) 
$$CH_3$$
  $CH_3$  OH and  $I_2$ 

(3) 
$$CH - CH_3$$
 and  $I_2$  OH

(4) 
$$\bigcirc$$
 CH<sub>2</sub> – CH<sub>2</sub> – OH and I<sub>2</sub>

- 32. The correct difference between first- and 36. second-order reactions is that
  - the rate of a first-order reaction does not depend on reactant concentrations; the rate of a second-order reaction does depend on reactant concentrations
  - (2) the rate of a first-order reaction does depend on reactant concentrations; the rate of a second-order reaction does not depend on reactant concentrations
  - (3) a first-order reaction can be catalyzed; a second-order reaction cannot be catalyzed
  - (4) the half-life of a first-order reaction does not depend on [A]<sub>0</sub>; the half-life of a second-order reaction does depend on [A]<sub>0</sub>
- Among CaH<sub>2</sub>, BeH<sub>2</sub>, BaH<sub>2</sub>, the order of ionic character is
  - (1) BeH<sub>2</sub> < CaH<sub>2</sub> < BaH<sub>2</sub>
  - (2) BaH<sub>2</sub> < BeH<sub>2</sub> < CaH<sub>2</sub>
  - (3) BeH<sub>2</sub> < BaH<sub>2</sub> < CaH<sub>2</sub>
  - (4) CaH<sub>2</sub> < BeH<sub>2</sub> < BaH<sub>2</sub>
- 34. Consider the change in exidation state of Bromine corresponding to different emf values as shown in the diagram below:

$$BrO_4^- \xrightarrow{1.82 \text{ V}} BrO_3^- \xrightarrow{1.5 \text{ V}} HBrO$$

$$Br \xrightarrow{1.0652 \text{ V}} Br_2 \xrightarrow{1.595 \text{ V}}$$

Then the species undergoing disproportionation is

- (1)  $BrO_3^-$
- (2) HBrO
- (3) Br<sub>2</sub>
- (4) BrO<sub>4</sub>
- 35. In which case is the number of molecules of water maximum?
  - (1) 18 mL of water
  - (2)  $10^{-3}$  mol of water
  - (3) 0.00224 L of water vapours at 1 atm and 273 K
  - (4) 0.18 g of water

- 36. Regarding cross-linked or network polymers, which of the following statements is incorrect?
  - (1) They contain covalent bonds between various linear polymer chains.
  - (2) They contain strong covalent bonds in their polymer chains.
  - (3) Examples are bakelite and melamine.
  - (4) They are formed from bi- and tri-functional monomers.
- 37. Nitration of aniline in strong acidic medium also gives m-nitroaniline because
  - In spite of substituents nitro group always goes to only m-position.
  - (2) In acidic (strong) medium aniline is present as anilinium ion.
  - (3) In absence of substituents nitro group always goes to m-position.
  - (4) In electrophilic substitution reactions amino group is meta directive.
- 38. Which of the following oxides is most acidic in nature?
  - (1) MgO
  - (2) CaO
  - (3) BaO
  - (4) BeO
- 39. The difference between amylose and amylopectin
  - (1) Amylopectin have  $1 \rightarrow 4$   $\alpha$ -linkage and  $1 \rightarrow 6$   $\alpha$ -linkage
  - (2) Amylose is made up of glucose and galactose
  - (3) Amylopectin have  $1 \rightarrow 4$   $\alpha$ -linkage and  $1 \rightarrow 6 \beta$ -linkage
  - (4) Amylose have  $1 \rightarrow 4$   $\alpha$ -linkage and  $1 \rightarrow 6$   $\beta$ -linkage
- 40. A mixture of 2.3 g formic acid and 4.5 g oxalic acid is treated with conc. H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. The evolved gaseous mixture is passed through KOH pellets. Weight (in g) of the remaining product at STP will be
  - (1) 1.4
  - (2) 4.4
  - (3) 2.8
  - (4) 3.0

41. For the redox reaction

 $MnO_4^- + C_2O_4^{2-} + H^+ \longrightarrow Mn^{2+} + CO_2 + H_2O$ 

the correct coefficients of the reactants for the balanced equation are

MnO_	C.O.2-	$H^{+}$
------	--------	---------

- (1) 16 5 2
- (2) 5 16 2
- (3) 2 16 5
- (4) 2 5 16
- 42. The correction factor 'a' to the ideal gas equation corresponds to
  - (1) density of the gas molecules
  - (2) forces of attraction between the gas molecules
  - (3) electric field present between the gas molecules
  - (4) volume of the gas molecules
- 43. Which one of the following conditions will favour maximum formation of the product in the reaction,

$$A_2(g) + B_2(g) \rightleftharpoons X_2(g) \quad \Delta_H = -X \text{ kJ }?$$

- (1) Low temperature and high pressure
- (2) High temperature and low pressure
- (3) High temperature and high pressure
- (4) Low temperature and low pressure
- 44. The bond dissociation energies of X<sub>2</sub>, Y<sub>2</sub> and XY are in the ratio of 1:0·5:1. ΔH for the formation of XY is -200 kJ mol<sup>-1</sup>. The bond dissociation energy of X<sub>2</sub> will be
  - (1) 200 kJ mol<sup>-1</sup>
  - (2) 400 kJ mol<sup>-1</sup>
  - (3) 800 kJ mol<sup>-1</sup>
  - (4) 100 kJ mol<sup>-1</sup>
- 45. When initial concentration of the reactant is doubled, the half-life period of a zero order reaction
  - (1) is halved
  - (2) remains unchanged
  - (3) is tripled
  - (4) is doubled

- 46. Which of the following is an occupational respiratory disorder?
  - (1) Anthracis
  - (2) Emphysema
  - (3) Botulism
  - (4) Silicosis
- Calcium is important in skeletal muscle contraction because it
  - binds to troponin to remove the masking of active sites on actin for myosin.
  - (2) prevents the formation of bonds between the myosin cross bridges and the actin filament.
  - (3) detaches the myosin head from the actin filament.
  - (4) activates the myosin ATPase by binding to it.
- 48. Which of the following gastric cells indirectly help in erythropoiesis?
  - (1) Chief cells
  - (2) Parietal cells
  - (3) Goblet cells
  - (4) Mucous cells
- 49. Match the items given in Column I with those in Column II and select the correct option given below:

## Column I

Column II

- a. Fibrinogen
- Osmotic balance
- b. Globulin
- ii. Blood clotting
- c. Albumin
- iii. Defence mechanism
- a b e
- (1) iii ii i
- (2) ii iii i
- (3) i iii ii
- (4) i ii iii

Among the following sets of examples for Which of the following hormones can play a 54. 50. divergent evolution, select the incorrect option : significant rele in osteoporosis? Forelimbs of man, bat and cheetah (1) (1) Aldosterone and Prolactin Eye of octopus, bat and man (2) Parathyroid hormone and Prolactin (2) Brain of bat, man and cheetah (3)Estrogen and Parathyroid hormone (3) Heart of bat, man and cheetah (4)Progesterone and Aldosterone (4) In which disease does mosquito transmitted 55. cause chronic inflammation pathogen Which of the following is an amino acid derived lymphatic vessels? Elephantiasis hormone? (1) (2) Amoebiasis Epinephrine (1) Ringworm disease (3)Estriol (2) Ascariasis (4) Which of the following is not an autoimmune Estradiol 56. (3)disease? Ecdysone (4) (1) Psoriasis Vitiligo (2) 52. Which of the following structures or regions is Alzheimer's disease (3) incorrectly paired with its function ? Rheumatoid arthritis (4) controls respiration Conversion of milk to curd improves its Medulia oblongata: 57. and cardiovascular nutritional value by increasing the amount of reflexes. Vitamin D (1) band of fibers Corpus callosum (2)Vitamin E (2)connecting left and Vitamin B<sub>12</sub> (3) right cerebral Vitamin A hemispheres. (4) Which of the following characteristics represent 58. production of Hypothalamus (3)'Inheritance of blood groups' in humans? releasing hormones Dominance and regulation of a. Co-dominance temperature, b. hunger and thirst. Multiple allele consists of fibre Incomplete dominance d. Limbic system tracts that Polygenic inheritance interconnect b, c and e (1)different regions of a, c and e (2)brain: controls b, d and e movement. (3)a, b and c The similarity of bone structure in the forelimbs The transparent lens in the human eye is held in of many vertebrates is an example of its place by (1) Homology ligaments attached to the ciliary body Adaptive radiation (2)smooth muscles attached to the ciliary body (2)Convergent evolution (3)smooth muscles attached to the iris (3) Analogy ligaments attached to the iris

- 60. Which of the following animals does not undergo metamorphosis?
  - (1) Earthworm
  - (2) Starfish
  - (3) Moth
  - (4) Tunicate
- 61. Which one of these animals is not homeotherm?
  - (1) Macropus
  - (2) Psittacula
  - (3) Camelus
  - (4) Chelone
- 62. Which of the following features is used to identify a male cockroach from a female cockroach?
  - Presence of a boat shaped sternum on the 9<sup>th</sup> abdominal segment
  - (2) Presence of anal cerci
  - (3) Forewings with darker tegmina
  - (4) Presence of caudal styles
- 63. Which of the following organisms are known as chief producers in the oceans?
  - Dinoflagellates
  - (2) Euglenoids
  - (3) Cyanobacteria
  - (4) Diatoms
- 64. Ciliates differ from all other protozoans in
  - (1) using flagella for locomotion
  - (2) having two types of nuclei
  - (3) using pseudopodia for capturing prev
  - (4) having a contractile vacuole for removing excess water
- 65. Identify the vertebrate group of animals characterized by crop and gizzard in its digestive system.
  - (1) Amphibia
  - (2) Osteichthyes
  - (3) Aves
  - (4) Reptilia

- 66. The amnion of mammalian embryo is derived from
  - (1) ectoderm and mesoderm
  - (2) ectoderm and endoderm
  - (3) mesoderm and trophoblast
  - (4) endoderm and mesoderm
- 67. Hormones secreted by the placenta to maintain pregnancy are
  - (1) hCG, hPL, progestogens, prolactin
  - (2) hCG, progestogens, estrogens, glucocorticoids
  - (3) hCG, hPL, progestogens, estrogens
  - (4) hCG, hPL, estrogens, relaxin, oxytocin
- 68. The contraceptive SAHELP
  - blocks estrogen receptors in the uterus, preventing eggs from getting implanted.
  - (2) is a post-coital contraceptive.
  - (3) is an IUD.
  - (4) increases the concentration of estrogen and prevents ovulation in females.
- 69. The difference between spermiogenesis and spermiation is
  - In spermiogenesis spermatids are formed, while in spermiation spermatozoa are formed.
  - (2) In spermiogenesis spermatozoa are formed, while in spermiation spermatozoa are released from sertoli cells into the cavity of seminiferous tubules.
  - (3) In spermiogenesis spermatozoa from sertoli cells are released into the cavity of seminiferous tubules, while in spermiation spermatozoa are formed.
  - (4) In spermiogenesis spermatozoa are formed, while in spermiation spermatids are formed.

# jaue p

- 70. In a growing population of a country,
  - pre-reproductive individuals are more than the reproductive individuals.
  - (2) pre-reproductive individuals are less than the reproductive individuals.
  - (3) reproductive and pre-reproductive individuals are equal in number.
  - (4) reproductive individuals are less than the post-reproductive individuals.
- 71. Match the items given in Column I with those in Column II and select the correct option given below:

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## Column II

- a. Eutrophication i. UV-B radiation
- b. Sanitary landfill ii. Deforestation
- c. Snow blindness
- iii. Nutrient

## enrichment

- d. Jhum cultivation iv. Waste disposal
  - a b c c
- (1) ii i iii iv
- (2) i ii iv iii
- (3) iii iv i. ii
- (4) i iii iv ii
- 72. Which part of poppy plant is used to obtain the drug "Smack"?
  - (1) Flowers
  - (2) Leaves
  - (3) Roots
  - (4) Latex
- 73. Which one of the following population interactions is widely used in medical science for the production of antibiotics?
  - (1) Commensalism
  - (2) Amensalism
  - (3) Parasitism
  - (4) Mutualism
- All of the following are included in 'Ex-situ conservation' except
  - (1) Wildlife safari parks
  - (2) Seed banks
  - (3) Botanical gardens
  - (4) Sacred groves

75. Match the items given in Column I with those in Column II and select the correct option given helow:

#### Column I

#### Column II

- a. Glycosuria
- Accumulation of uric acid in joints
- b. Gout
- Mass of crystallised salts within the kidney
- c. Renal calculi
- iii. Inflammation in glomeruli
- d. Glomerular nephritis
- iv. Presence of glucose in urine
- a b
  - )

ii

- (1) iii ii
- iv
- (2) iv i (3) ii iii
- ii iii i iv
- (4) i
- iii iv
- 76. Match the items given in Column I with those in Column II and select the correct option given below:

## Column I

#### Column II

(Function)

(Part of Excretory

System)

- Ultrafiltration
- i. Henle's loop
- Concentration of urine
- ii. Ureter

iii

ii

- c. Transport of
- iii. Urinary bladder
- d. Storage of urine
- iv. Malpighian corpuscle
- v. Proximal

convoluted tubule

- e d
- (1) iv v ii
- (2) v iv i
- (3) v iv i
- (4) iv i ii iii

77.	A woman has an X-linked condition on one of her	82.	Whic	h of the following events does <b>not</b> occur in h endoplasmic reticulum?
	X chromosomes. This chromosome can be			Protein folding
	inherited by		(1)	
	(1) Only daughters		(2)	Phospholipid synthesis
	(2) Both sons and daughters		(3)	Cleavage of signal peptide
	(3) Only grandchildren		(4)	Protein glycosylation
	(4) Only sons	83.	Whi	ch of these statements is incorrect?
78.	AGGTATCGCAT is a sequence from the coding strand of a gene. What will be the corresponding		(1)	Enzymes of TCA cycle are present in mitochondrial matrix.
	sequence of the transcribed mRNA?		(2)	Oxidative phosphorylation takes place in outer mitochondrial membrane.
	(1) AGGUAUCGCAU		(3)	Glycolysis operates as long as it is supplied
	(2) UCCAUAGCGUA		(0)	with NAD that can pick up hydrogen atoms.
	(3) ACCUAUGCGAU		(4)	Glycolysis occurs in cytosol.
	(4) UGGTUTCGCAT  Match the items given in Column I with those in	84.	Sele	ect the incorrect match :
79.	Column II and select the correct option given		(1)	Lampbrush - Diplotene bivalents chromosomes
	below:  Column II  Column II		(2)	Polytene - Oocytes of amphibians chromosomes
	a. Proliferative Phase i. Breakdown of endometrial		(3)	Submetacentric - L-shaped chromososmes chromosomes
	lining	= (	(4)	Allosomes - Sex chromosomes
	<ul> <li>b. Secretory Phase</li> <li>ii. Follicular Phase</li> <li>c. Menstruation</li> <li>iii. Luteal Phase</li> </ul>	85.		ich of the following terms describe human
	a b c		(1)	Thecodont, Diphyodont, Homodont
	1995 1980 EE 199		(2)	Pleurodont, Diphyodont, Heterodont
			(3)	Pleurodont, Monophyodont, Homodont
	\\ \text{\tin}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\tint{\text{\tint{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\tint{\text{\tetx{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\tin}\tint{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\tin}\tint{\text{\tin}\tint{\text{\tin}\tint{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\tint{\text{\texi}\tint{\text{\texi}\tint{\text{\texi}\tinz}\tint{\text{\ti}\tittt{\texititt{\text{\tint}\tint{\text{\tin}	Т	(4)	and the second s
	(3) ii iii ii (4) i iii ii	86	. Ni	ssl bodies are mainly composed of
	According to Hugo de Vries, the mechanism	f	(1)	Proteins and lipids
80.	TO A CONTROL OF THE PARTY OF TH	-	(2)	Free ribosomes and RER
	evolution is (1) Multiple step mutations	- 1 1	(3)	Nucleic acids and SER
	The state of the s		(4)	DNA and RNA
	PER SUPERSUPERSUPERSURE	0.5	3.5	any ribosomes may associate with a single
	(3) Phenotypic variations (4) Saltation	87	333	RNA to form multiple copies of a polypeptide multaneously. Such strings of ribosomes are
81.	All of the following are part of an operon except		te	rmed as
	(1) an operator		(1	Polysome
	(2) a promoter		(2	) Nucleosome
	(3) an enhancer		(3	) Plastidome
	(4) structural genes	-	(4	) Polyhedral bodies
LA	(2) a promoter (3) an enhancer	R RO	(2 (3 (4	Nucleosome Plastidome Polyhedral bodies

38. 1	Match	the items given in Co	olumn I with those in	91.	The stage during which separation of the pairer
	Colum	nn II and select the	correct option given		homologous chromosomes begins is
	below				(1) Pachytene
		Column I	Column II	1	(2) Zygotene
3		Tricuspid valve i,	Between left atrium		(3) Diakinesis
Š	~000		and left ventricle		(4) Diplotene
1	b. 1	Bicuspid valve ii.	Between right		Which of the following is true for nucleolus?
,			ventricle and	1	(1) Larger nucleoli are present in dividing cells
			pulmonary artery		(2) It is a site for active ribosomal RN/
	c.	Semilunar valve iii.	Between right		synthesis.  (3) It takes part in spindle formation.
			atrium and right ventricle	1	The state of the s
			Ventricie		The state of the s
		a b c		93.	Stomatal movement is not affected by
		iii i ii			(1) Temperature (2) COs concentration
	1000	ii i iii		1	(2) CO <sub>2</sub> concentration
	(3)	i ii iii			(3) O <sub>2</sub> concentration
	(4)	i iii ii		50.00	(4) Light
90	Mate	ch the items given in C	column I with those in	94.	Which among the following is not a prokaryote?
89.	Colu	imn II and select the	correct option given		(1) Saccharomyces
	belov			T	(2) Oscillatoria
1		Column I	Column II		(3) Nostoc
	a.	Tidal volume	i. 2500 – 3000 mL	The second second	(4) Mycobacterium
	a. b.	Inspiratory Reserve	ii. 1100 – 1200 mL	1000	Which of the following is not a product of light
	D.	volume	VCh	15	reaction of photosynthesis?
	-		iii. 500 – 550 mL		(1) ATP (2) Oxygen
	c.	Expiratory Reserve	No. of the		(2) Oxygen (3) NADPH
	40	A SALESTON PART	iv. 1000 - 1100 mL		
	d.	Residual volume	Tell Control	5-225	(4) NADH Stomata in grass leaf are
		a b c	d	96.	1 T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T
	(1)	iii ii i	iv	-	(1) Dumb-bell shaped (2) Barrel shaped
	(2)	iv iii ii		VII	(2) Barrel snaped (3) Rectangular
	(3)	i , iv di		V	(3) Rectangular (4) Kidney shaped
1		iii i iv	ii	07	
10	(4)		¥	97.	(1) Fatty acid breakdown
90.	Whi	ich of the following	ng options correctly		100 - A
	rep	presents the lung cond	endons in asinma an	100	
	0.537,0	physema, respectively	ronchioles; Decrease	d	
	(1)	Inflammation of b respiratory surface	Jonetholes, Decrease		a 1 1 shareatoristic
	/mi	The second secon	atory surface;	98.	
	(2)	Decreased respira Inflammation of bron			sugars are (1) hydroxyl and methyl
	yes	Increased respira	atory surface;		(1) hydroxyl and methyl (2) carbonyl and hydroxyl
	(3)	Inflammation of bron	nchioles		(2) carbonyl and hydroxyl
	(4)		of bronchioles; Increase	d	(3) carbonyl and phosphate
	(4)	respiratory surface			(4) carbonyl and methyl Eng

	(1)	Bio-infringement Bioexploitation			(2)		iv	i	ij	
		cerned country and its	people is catted		(1)		iv	iii	ií	
104.	Use	of bioresources by m	ultinational compan authorisation from t	ies he		a	b		various ta	
	(4)	Annealing, Extension	n, Denaturation							identification of
	(3)	Denaturation, Exten	sion, Annealing							which are
	(2)	Denaturation, Annea			d.	Cata	logue			ers and their
103.	The Rea (1)	ction (PCR) is Extension, Denatura	tion, Annealing	7\1		Cata	logue	1	cept.	n sheets are containing a list
100		Council for Scien Research (CSIR)	חח	١٨	c.	Mus	eum	iii. I	s a place v pressed pla	where dried and ant specimens
	(3)	Research Commi Manipulation (RCGM	D	6.0				v	vith brief	nd in an area description atification.
	(2)	Genetic Engineering (GEAC)		1	b.	Key		n	nethodical	
	(1)	Indian Council of Med		(3)	Ti				lants and	
102.	asse	India, the organisa ssing the safety of in ified organisms for pub	ntroducing genetical	or ly	a.	Colun	arium	i. It	is a place	having a f preserved
	(4)	Ti plasmid			belo		m T	0	olumn II	
	(3)	λ phage					and s	elect t	he correc	t option given
	(2)	pBR 322		108.	. Mate	ch the	items (	given ir	Column	I with those in
	(1)	Retrovirus					1			
		hocytes?			(3)		na cups	zoospor		rown algae
	vecto	or for introducing a DN	A fragment in huma	n	(2)			rganis	77 (20)	archantia
101.	Whic	h of the following is	commonly used as	a	(1)	10 miles		gamet		olysiphonia hlorella
	(4)	$F_2 \times Recessive parent$	- Dihybrid cross	107.	Whic				atched?	
	(3)	T.H. Morgan	- Transduction		(4)	Altern	aria			
V	(2)	G. Mendel	- Transformatio	n	(3)	Agari	_			
	(1)	Ribozyme	- Nucleic acid		(2)		aromy	es		
100.	Selec	t the correct match :	127		(1)	Neuro				
(	4)	Sharbati Sonora		100.	prod	uced e	kogeno	usly in		
(		Lerma Rojo		106	After	karvo	gamy	followed	by meio	sis, spores are
(		Basmati			(4)	Cycas		$\boldsymbol{\mathcal{A}}$		
(	1)	Co-667			(3)	Mange				
1	prese	nt in India for a long ti	me. This is related to		(2)	Pinus				
	commi	w' variety of rice was j	arieties have been	1	(1)	Musta	rd			
99.		AT A STATE OF THE LIBERT WAY COME	MI DESTRUCTION AND SERVICE OF THE PERSON	F TOO.	Wing	ea hou	CH L. CH	HB die	107-mx4 - 74	

109. What is the role of NAD <sup>+</sup> in cellul respiration?	ar 116. Niche is
(1) It functions as an enzyme.	(I) all the biological factors in the organism
(2) It is the final electron accounter for annual	environment
respiration.	where it lives
<ul> <li>(3) It is a nucleotide source for ATP synthesis.</li> <li>(4) It functions as an electron carrier.</li> </ul>	(3) the range of temperature that the organis needs to live
110. Oxygen is not produced during photosynthesis b	
(1) Green sulphur bacteria	
(2) Chara	117. Which of the following is a secondary pollutant?
(3) Cycas	(1) CO
(4) Nostoc	(2) O <sub>3</sub>
111. Double fertilization is	
(1) Fusion of two male gametes of a pollen tub	
with two different eggs	
and triple Itision	118. World Ozone Day is celebrated on
and since gametes with one egg	(1) 5 <sup>th</sup> June
(4) Fusion of one male gamete with two polar nuclei	r l
	(2) 22 <sup>nd</sup> April
112. In which of the following forms is iron absorbed by plants?	(3) 16 <sup>th</sup> September
(1) Ferric	(4) 21 <sup>st</sup> April
(2) Both ferric and ferrous	
(3) Free element	119. In stratosphere, which of the following elements
(4) Ferrous	acts as a catalyst in degradation of ozone and release of molecular oxygen?
113. Which of the following elements is responsible for	(1) Carbon
maintaining turgor in cells?	(2) Oxygen
(1) Magnesium	(3) Fe
(2) Calcium	(4) Cl
(3) Potassium	SHARE MAKE
(4) Sodium	120. What type of ecological pyramid would be
114. Which one of the following plants shows a very close relationship with a species of moth, where none of the two can complete its life cycle without	obtained with the following data?
the other?	Primary producer: 10 g
(1) Hydrilla	23.M. 03
(2) Viola	Py milita of biolitigos
(3) Banana	T G F J Marie of Diomaga
(4) Yucca	(3) Upright pyramid of numbers
115. Pollen grains can be stored for several years in	(4) Pyramid of energy
liquid nitrogen having a temperature of (1) - 120°C	121. Natality refers to
(2) -160°C	(1) Death rate
	(2) Number of individuals entering a habitat
	(3) Number of individuals leaving the habitat
	(4) Birth rate
.AACH/QQ/Page 14 SPACE FOR RO	DUGH WORK English

122.	Whi	ich of the following has proved helpful in	129.	Sele	ect the wrong statement:
	11.	serving pollen as fossils?		(1)	Cell wall is present in members of Fungi
	(1)	Pollenkitt			and Plantae.
	(2)	Sporopollenin		(2)	Mitochondria are the powerhouse of the cell
	(3)	Oil content			in all kingdoms except Monera.
	(4)	Cellulosic intine		(3)	Pseudopodia are locomotory and feeding
123.	Whi	ich of the following pairs is wrongly			structures in Sporozoans.
	mat	ched?		(4)	Mushrooms belong to Basidiomycetes.
	(1)	Starch synthesis in pea : Multiple alleles	130.	Cas	parian strips occur in
	(2)	T.H. Morgan : Linkage		(1)	Epidermis
	(3)	XO type sex : Grashopper		(2)	Endodermis
		Determination		(3)	Cortex
	(4)	ABO blood grouping : Co-dominance		(4)	Pericycle
124.	Sele	ect the correct match:			
	(1)	Alec Jeffreys - Streptococcus	131.	Whi	ich of the following statements is correct?
		pneumoniae	-	(1)	Ovules are not enclosed by ovary wall in
	(2)	Francois Jacob and - Lac operon		7/45	gymnosperms.
		Jacques Monod		(2)	Stems are usually unbranched in both Cycas and Cedrus.
	(3)	Matthew Meselson - Pisum sativum		(2)	
		and F. Stahl		(3)	Horsetails are gymnosperms.
	(4)	Alfred Hershey and - TMV		(4)	Selaginella is heterosporous, while Salvinia is homosporous.
		Martha Chase	100	***	
125.	Whi	ch of the following flowers only once in its	132.		umatophores occur in
		time?		(1)	Halophytes
- 11	(1)	Bamboo species		(2)	Submerged hydrophytes
	(2)	Papaya		(3)	Carnivorous plants
	(3) (4)	Mango Jackfruit		(4)	Free-floating hydrophytes
		2003 V. DL 10 VI	133.	Swe	et potato is a modified
126.		ct the correct statement :		(1)	Stem
	(1)	Franklin Stahl coined the term "linkage".		(2)	Rhizome
	(2)	Transduction was discovered by S. Altman.	l 10	(3)	Tap root
	(3)	Spliceosomes take part in translation.		(4)	
	(4)	Punnett square was developed by a British			
		scientist.	134.		ondary xylem and phloem in dicot stem are duced by
127.		ets are produced by		-	
	(1)	Meiotic divisions		(1)	Apical meristems
	(2)	Parthenogenesis		(2) (3)	Axillary meristems
	(4)	(3) Parthenocarpy (4) Mitotic divisions			Phellogen
100		to the control of the		(4)	Vascular cambium
128.		experimental proof for semiconservative ication of DNA was first shown in a	135.	Plan	its having little or no secondary growth are
	(1)	Fungus		(1)	Grasses
	(2)	Virus		(2)	Cycads
	(3)	Plant		(3)	Conifers
	(4)	Bacterium		(4)	Deciduous angiosperms

- 136. The power radiated by a black body is P and it radiates maximum energy at wavelength,  $\lambda_0$ . If the temperature of the black body is now changed so that it radiates maximum energy at wavelength  $\frac{3}{4}\lambda_0$ , the power radiated by it becomes nP. The value of n is
  - (1)  $\frac{3}{4}$
  - (2)  $\frac{81}{256}$
  - (3)  $\frac{256}{81}$
  - (4)  $\frac{4}{3}$
- 137. Two wires are made of the same material and have the same volume. The first wire has cross-sectional area A and the second wire has cross-sectional area 3A. If the length of the first wire is increased by \( \Delta l \) on applying a force F, how much force is needed to stretch the second wire by the same amount?
  - (1) 9 F
  - (2) F
  - (3) 4 F
  - (4) 6 F
- 138. A sample of 0·1 g of water at 100°C and normal pressure (1·013 × 10<sup>5</sup> Nm<sup>-2</sup>) requires 54 cal of heat energy to convert to steam at 100°C. If the volume of the steam produced is 167·1 cc, the change in internal energy of the sample, is
  - (1) 104·3 J
  - (2) 84·5 J
  - (3) 42·2 J
  - (4) 208·7 J
- 139. A small sphere of radius 'r' falls from rest in a viscous liquid. As a result, heat is produced due to viscous force. The rate of production of heat when the sphere attains its terminal velocity, is proportional to
  - (1) r<sup>3</sup>
  - (2) r<sup>4</sup>
  - (3) r<sup>5</sup>
  - (4) r<sup>2</sup>

- 40. An electron falls from rest through a vertical distance h in a uniform and vertically upward directed electric field E. The direction of electric field is now reversed, keeping its magnitude the same. A proton is allowed to fall from rest in it through the same vertical distance h. The time of fall of the electron, in comparison to the time of fall of the proton is
  - (1) smaller
  - (2) equal
  - (3) 10 times greater
  - (4) 5 times greater
- 41. A pendulum is hung from the roof of a sufficiently high building and is moving freely to and fro like a simple harmonic oscillator. The acceleration of the bob of the pendulum is 20 m/s<sup>2</sup> at a distance of 5 m from the mean position. The time period of oscillation is
  - (1) 2πs
  - (2) 1 s
  - (3) 2 s
  - (4) ns
- 142. The electrostatic force between the metal plates of an isolated parallel plate capacitor C having a charge Q and area A, is
  - independent of the distance between the plates.
  - (2) inversely proportional to the distance between the plates.
  - (3) proportional to the square root of the distance between the plates.
  - (4) linearly proportional to the distance between the plates.
  - 143. A tuning fork is used to produce resonance in a glass tube. The length of the air column in this tube can be adjusted by a variable piston. At room temperature of 27°C two successive resonances are produced at 20 cm and 73 cm of column length. If the frequency of the tuning fork is 320 Hz, the velocity of sound in air at 27°C is
    - (1) 330 m/s
    - (2) 300 m/s
    - (3) 350 m/s
    - (4) 339 m/s

- 144. The ratio of kinetic energy to the total energy of 148. An inductor 20 mH, a capacitor 100 µF and a an electron in a Bohr orbit of the hydrogen atom, is
  - (1) 1:1
  - (2)1:-2
  - (3) 2:-1
  - (4) 1:-1
- 145. When the light of frequency  $2v_0$  (where  $v_0$  is threshold frequency), is incident on a metal plate, the maximum velocity of electrons emitted is v1. When the frequency of the incident radiation is increased to 5v0, the maximum velocity of electrons emitted from the same plate is v2. The ratio of v1 to v2 is
  - (1) 1:2
  - (2)2:1
  - 4:1 (3)
  - (4) 1:4
- a radioactive material, 146. For half-life 10 minutes. If initially there are 600 number of nuclei, the time taken (in minutes) for the disintegration of 450 nuclei is
  - (1)20
  - (2) 15
  - (3)30
  - (4) 10
- 147. An electron of mass m with an initial velocity  $\overrightarrow{V} = V_0 \stackrel{\land}{i} (V_0 > 0) \quad \text{enters} \quad \text{an electric field}$   $\overrightarrow{E} = - E_0 \stackrel{\land}{i} (E_0 = \text{constant} > 0) \text{ at } t = 0. \text{ If } \lambda_0 \text{ is}$ its de-Broglie wavelength initially, then its de-Broglie wavelength at time t is
  - $\frac{\lambda_0}{\left[1+\frac{eE_0}{mV_0}t\right]}$

  - $(4) \quad \lambda_0 \left( 1 + \frac{eE_0}{mV_0} t \right)$

- resistor 50  $\Omega$  are connected in series across a source of emf, V = 10 sin 314 t. The power loss in the circuit is
  - (1) 0.79 W
  - (2)1.13 W
  - (3)2.74 W
  - (4)0.43 W
- A metallic rod of mass per unit length 0.5 kg m<sup>-1</sup> is lying horizontally on a smooth inclined plane which makes an angle of 30° with the horizontal. The rod is not allowed to slide down by flowing a current through it when a magnetic field of induction 0.25 T is acting on it in the vertical direction. The current flowing in the rod to keep it stationary is
  - (1) 7-14 A
  - (2)11.32 A
  - (3)14.76 A
  - (4)5-98 A
- 150. A thin diamagnetic rod is placed vertically between the poles of an electromagnet. When the current in the electromagnet is switched on, then the dismagnetic rod is pushed up, out of the horizontal magnetic field. Hence the rod gains gravitational potential energy. The work required to do this comes from
  - the current source
  - the induced electric field due to the changing magnetic field
  - (3) the lattice structure of the material of the rod
  - the magnetic field
- 151. Current sensitivity of a moving coil galvanometer is 5 div/mA and its voltage sensitivity angular deflection per unit voltage applied) is 20 div/V. The resistance of the galvanometer is
  - (1)40 Ω
  - (2)500 Ω
  - (3) $250 \Omega$
  - (4) $25 \Omega$

- 152. A solid sphere is in rolling motion. In rolling motion a body possesses translational kinetic energy  $(K_t)$  as well as rotational kinetic energy  $(K_r)$  simultaneously. The ratio  $K_t: (K_t+K_r)$  for the sphere is
  - (1) 7:10
  - (2) 2:5
  - (3) 10:7
  - (4) 5:7
- 153. The kinetic energies of a planet in an elliptical orbit about the Sun, at positions A, B and C are  $K_A$ ,  $K_B$  and  $K_C$ , respectively. AC is the major axis and  $\dot{S}B$  is perpendicular to AC at the position of the Sun S as shown in the figure. Then



- (1)  $K_A < K_B < K_C$
- (2)  $K_B > K_A > K_C$
- (3)  $K_B < K_A < K_C$
- (4)  $K_A > K_B > K_C$
- 154. If the mass of the Sun were ten times smaller and the universal gravitational constant were ten times larger in magnitude, which of the following is not correct?
  - (1) Raindrops will fall faster.
  - (2) 'g' on the Earth will not change.
  - (3) Time period of a simple pendulum on the Earth would decrease.
  - (4) Walking on the ground would become more difficult.
- 155. A solid sphere is rotating freely about its symmetry axis in free space. The radius of the sphere is increased keeping its mass same. Which of the following physical quantities would remain constant for the sphere?
  - (1) Angular velocity
  - (2) Angular momentum
  - (3) Rotational kinetic energy
  - (4) Moment of inertia

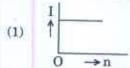
- 156. Unpolarised light is incident from air on a plane surface of a material of refractive index 'μ'. At a particular angle of incidence 'i', it is found that the reflected and refracted rays are perpendicular to each other. Which of the following options is correct for this situation?
  - (1) Reflected light is polarised with its electric vector parallel to the plane of incidence

(2) 
$$i = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{\mu}\right)$$

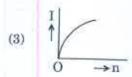
(3) 
$$i = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\mu}\right)$$

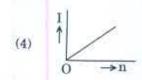
- (4) Reflected light is polarised with its electric vector perpendicular to the plane of incidence
- 157. In Young's double slit experiment the separation d between the slits is 2 mm, the wavelength λ of the light used is 5896 Å and distance D between the screen and slits is 100 cm. It is found that the angular width of the fringes is 0-20°. To increase the fringe angular width to 0-21° (with same λ and D) the separation between the slits needs to be changed to
  - (1) 1.8 mm
  - (2) 1·7 mm
  - (3) 2·1 mm
  - (4) 1.9 mm
- COM
- 158. An astronomical refracting telescope will have large angular magnification and high angular resolution, when it has an objective lens of
  - (1) small focal length and large diameter
  - (2) small focal length and small diameter
  - (3) large focal length and large diameter
  - (4) large focal length and small diameter

- 159. A carbon resistor of  $(47 \pm 4.7)$  k $\Omega$  is to be marked 162. with rings of different colours for its identification. The colour code sequence will be
  - (1) Violet Yellow Orange Silver
  - (2) Green Orange Violet Gold
  - (3) Yellow Green Violet Gold
  - (4) Yellow Violet Orange Silver
- 160. A set of 'n' equal resistors, of value 'R' each, are connected in series to a battery of emf 'E' and internal resistance 'R'. The current drawn is I. Now, the 'n' resistors are connected in parallel to the same battery. Then the current drawn from battery becomes 10 I. The value of 'n' is
  - (1) 10
  - (2) 9
  - (3) 20
  - (4) 11
- 161. A battery consists of a variable number 'n' of identical cells (having internal resistance 'r' each) which are connected in series. The terminals of the battery are short-circuited and the current I is measured. Which of the graphs shows the correct relationship between I and n?









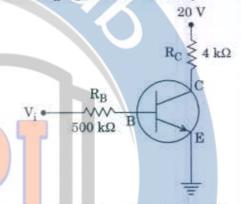
162. A body initially at rest and sliding along a frictionless track from a height h (as shown in the figure) just completes a vertical circle of diameter AB = D. The height h is equal to



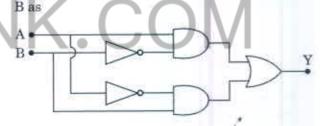
- (1)  $\frac{3}{2}$  D
- (2)  $\frac{5}{4}$  D
- (3)  $\frac{7}{5}$  D
- (4) D
- 163. Three objects, A: (a solid sphere), B: (a thin circular disk) and C: (a circular ring), each have the same mass M and radius R. They all spin with the same angular speed o about their own symmetry axes. The amounts of work (W) required to bring them to rest, would satisfy the relation
  - $(1) \quad W_C > W_B > W_A$
  - (2)  $W_A > W_C > W_B$
  - (3)  $W_B > W_A > W_C$
  - (4)  $W_A > W_B > W_C$
- 164. Which one of the following statements is incorrect?
  - (1) Rolling friction is smaller than sliding friction.
  - (2) Coefficient of sliding friction has dimensions of length.
  - (3) Frictional force opposes the relative motion.
  - (4) Limiting value of static friction is directly proportional to normal reaction.
- 165. A moving block having mass m, collides with another stationary block having mass 4m. The lighter block comes to rest after collision. When the initial velocity of the lighter block is v, then the value of coefficient of restitution (e) will be
  - (1) 0.5
  - (2) 0.4
  - (3) 0.8
  - (4) 0.25

- 166. An em wave is propagating in a medium with a velocity V = Vî. The instantaneous oscillating electric field of this em wave is along +y axis. Then the direction of oscillating magnetic field of the em wave will be along
  - (1) z direction
  - (2) x direction
  - (3) y direction
  - (4) + z direction
- 167. The refractive index of the material of a prism is √2 and the angle of the prism is 30°. One of the two refracting surfaces of the prism is made a mirror inwards, by silver coating. A beam of monochromatic light entering the prism from the other face will retrace its path (after reflection from the silvered surface) if its angle of incidence on the prism is
  - (1) 60°
  - (2) zero
  - (3) 30°
  - (4) 45°
- 168. The magnetic potential energy stored in a certain inductor is 25 mJ, when the current in the inductor is 60 mA. This inductor is of inductance
  - (1) 0·138 H
  - (2) 13·89 H
  - (3) 1·389 H
  - (4) 138·88 H
- 169. An object is placed at a distance of 40 cm from a concave mirror of focal length 15 cm. If the object is displaced through a distance of 20 cm towards the mirror, the displacement of the image will be
  - (1) 30 cm away from the mirror
  - (2) 36 cm towards the mirror
  - (3) 30 cm towards the mirror
  - (4) 36 cm away from the mirror

166. An em wave is propagating in a medium with a velocity  $\overrightarrow{V} = \overrightarrow{V}$  i. The instantaneous oscillating values of  $I_B$ ,  $I_C$  and  $\beta$  are given by



- (1)  $I_B = 40 \mu A$ ,  $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ ,  $\beta = 250$
- (2)  $I_B = 40 \mu A$ ,  $I_C = 5 mA$ ,  $\beta = 125$
- (3)  $I_B = 20 \mu A$ ,  $I_C = 5 mA$ ,  $\beta = 250$
- (4)  $I_R = 25 \mu A$ ,  $I_C = 5 mA$ ,  $\beta = 200$
- In a p-n junction diode, change in temperature due to heating
  - (1) affects only reverse resistance
  - (2) affects the overall V I characteristics of p-n junction
  - (3) does not affect resistance of p-n junction
  - (4) affects only forward resistance
- 172. In the combination of the following gates the output Y can be written in terms of inputs A and



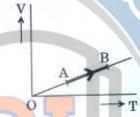
- (1) A.B
- (2) A + B
- (3) A.B + A.B
- (4) A. B + A . B

- 173. A toy car with charge q moves on a frictionless horizontal plane surface under the influence of a uniform electric field E. Due to the force q E, its velocity increases from 0 to 6 m/s in one second duration. At that instant the direction of the field is reversed. The car continues to move for two more seconds under the influence of this field. The average velocity and the average speed of the toy car between 0 to 3 seconds are respectively
  - (1) 2 m/s, 4 m/s
  - (2) 1.5 m/s, 3 m/s
  - (3) 1 m/s, 3·5 m/s
  - (4) 1 m/s, 3 m/s
- 174. A block of mass m is placed on a smooth inclined wedge ABC of inclination θ as shown in the figure. The wedge is given an acceleration 'a' towards the right. The relation between a and θ for the block to remain stationary on the wedge is



- (1)  $a = \frac{g}{\csc \theta}$
- (2)  $a = g \tan \theta$
- (3)  $a = g \cos \theta$
- (4)  $a = \frac{g}{\sin \theta}$
- 175. A student measured the diameter of a small steel ball using a screw gauge of least count 0.001 cm. The main scale reading is 5 mm and zero of circular scale division coincides with 25 divisions above the reference level. If screw gauge has a zero error of -0.004 cm, the correct diameter of the ball is
  - (1) 0.521 cm
  - (2) 0.529 cm
  - (3) 0.053 cm
  - (4) 0.595 cm
- 176. The moment of the force,  $\overrightarrow{F} = 4\hat{i} + 5\hat{j} 6\hat{k}$  at (2, 0, -3), about the point (2, -2, -2), is given by
  - (1)  $-8\hat{i} 4\hat{j} 7\hat{k}$
  - (2)  $-7\hat{i} 4\hat{j} 8\hat{k}$
  - (3)  $-7\hat{i} 8\hat{j} 4\hat{k}$
  - (4)  $-4\hat{i} \hat{j} 8\hat{k}$

177. The volume (V) of a monatomic gas varies with its temperature (T), as shown in the graph. The ratio of work done by the gas, to the heat absorbed by it, when it undergoes a change from state A to state B, is



- (1)  $\frac{2}{5}$
- (2)  $\frac{2}{7}$
- (3)  $\frac{1}{3}$
- (4)  $\frac{2}{3}$
- 178. The fundamental frequency in an open organ pipe is equal to the third harmonic of a closed organ pipe. If the length of the closed organ pipe is 20 cm, the length of the open organ pipe is
  - (1) 13·2 cm
  - (2) 16 cm
  - (3) 12-5 cm
  - (4) 8 cm
- 179. The efficiency of an ideal heat engine working between the freezing point and boiling point of water, is
  - (1) 26.8%
  - (2) 12.5%
  - (3) 6.25%
  - (4) 20%
- COM
- 180. At what temperature will the rms speed of oxygen molecules become just sufficient for escaping from the Earth's atmosphere?
  (Given:

Mass of oxygen molecule (m) =  $2.76 \times 10^{-26}$  kg Boltzmann's constant  $k_B = 1.38 \times 10^{-23}$  J K<sup>-1</sup>)

- (1) 2·508 × 10<sup>4</sup> K
- (2) 1·254 × 10<sup>4</sup> K
- (3) 5·016 × 10<sup>4</sup> K
- (4) 8·360 × 10<sup>4</sup> K