Signature and Name of Invigilator **OMR Sheet No.:** (To be filled by the Candidate) 1. (Signature) _ Roll No. $(Name)_{-}$ (In figures as per admission card) 2. (Signature) _ Roll No. -(Name) (In words) PAPER - II

COMPUTER SCIENCE

Time: 11/4 hours

Number of Pages in this Booklet: 12 Number of Ouestions in this Booklet: 50

Instructions for the Candidates

- 1. Write your roll number in the space provided on the top of this page.
- 2. This paper consists of fifty multiple-choice type of questions.
- 3. At the commencement of examination, the guestion booklet will be given to you. In the first 5 minutes, you are requested to open the booklet and compulsorily examine it as below:
 - To have access to the Question Booklet, tear off the paper seal on the edge of this cover page. Do not accept a booklet without sticker-seal and do not accept an open booklet.
 - (ii) Tally the number of pages and number of questions in the booklet with the information printed on the cover page. Faulty booklets due to pages/questions missing or duplicate or not in serial order or any other discrepancy should be got replaced immediately by a correct booklet from the invigilator within the period of 5 minutes. Afterwards, neither the Ouestion Booklet will be replaced nor any extra time will be given.
 - (iii) After this verification is over, the Test Booklet Number should be entered on the OMR Sheet and the OMR Sheet Number should be entered on this Test Booklet
- 4. Each item has four alternative responses marked (1), (2), (3) and (4). You have to darken the circle as indicated below on the correct response against each item.

Example: (1) (2) (4) where (3) is the correct response.

- 5. Your responses to the items are to be indicated in the **OMR** 5. Sheet given inside the Booklet only. If you mark your response at any place other than in the circle in the OMR Sheet, it will not be evaluated.
- 6. Read instructions given inside carefully.
- 7. Rough Work is to be done in the end of this booklet.
- 8. If you write your Name, Roll Number, Phone Number or put any mark on any part of the OMR Sheet, except for the space allotted for the relevant entries, which may disclose your identity, or use abusive language or employ any other unfair means, such as change of response by scratching or using white fluid, you will render yourself liable to disqualification.
- 9. You have to return the original OMR Sheet to the invigilators at the end of the examination compulsorily and must not carry it with you outside the Examination Hall. You are however, allowed to carry original question booklet and duplicate copy of OMR Sheet on conclusion of examination.
- 10. Use only Blue/Black Ball point pen.
- 11. Use of any calculator or log table etc., is prohibited.
- 12. There are no negative marks for incorrect answers.

परीक्षार्थियों के लिए निर्देश

Maximum Marks: 100

- 1. इस पृष्ठ के <mark>ऊपर</mark> निय<mark>त स्थान पर अपना रोल नम्बर लिखिए।</mark>
- इस प्रश्न-पत्र <mark>में</mark> पचास बहविकल्पीय प्रश्न हैं।
- परीक्षा प्रारम्भ होने पर, प्रश्न-पुस्तिका आपको दे दी जायेगी। पहले पाँच मिनट आपको प्रश्न-पस्तिका खोलने तथा उसकी निम्नलिखित जाँच के लिए दिये जायेंगे, जिसकी जाँच आपको अवश्य करनी है:
 - प्रश्न-पुस्तिका खोलने के लिए पुस्तिका पर लगी कागज की सील को फाड लें। खली हुई या बिना स्टीकर-सील की पस्तिका स्वीकार न करें।
 - (ii) कवर पष्ट पर छपे निर्देशानसार प्रश्न-पस्तिका के पष्ट तथा प्रश्नों की संख्या को अच्छी तरह चैक कर लें कि ये पूरे हैं। दोषपूर्ण प्स्तिका जिनमें पष्ट/प्रश्न कम हों या दबारा आ गये हों या सीरियल में न हों अर्थात किसी भी प्रकार की त्रृटिपूर्ण पुस्तिका स्वीकार न करें तथा उसी समय उसे लौटाकर उसके स्थान पर दसरी सही प्रश्न-पस्तिका ले लें। इसके लिए आपको पाँच मिनट दिये जायेंगे। उसके बाद न तो आपकी प्रश्न-पस्तिका वापस ली जायेगी और न ही आपको अतिरिक्त समय दिया जायेगा।
 - (iii) इस जाँच के बाद प्रश्न-पुस्तिका का नंबर OMR पत्रक पर अंकित करें और OMR पत्रक का नंबर इस प्रश्न-पुस्तिका पर अंकित कर दें।
- प्रत्येक प्रश्न के लिए चार उत्तर विकल्प (1), (2), (3) तथा (4) दिये गये हैं। आपको सही उत्तर के वृत्त को पेन से भरकर काला करना है जैसा कि नीचे दिखाया गया है।

उदाहरण: 1 2 ● 4 जबिक (3) सही उत्तर है।

- प्रश्नों के उत्तर केवल प्रश्न पस्तिका के अन्दर दिये गये OMR पत्रक पर ही अंकित करने हैं। यदि आप OMR पत्रक पर दिये गये वृत्त के अलावा किसी अन्य स्थान पर उत्तर चिन्हांकित करते हैं, तो उसका मुल्यांकन नहीं होगा।
- अन्दर दिये गये निर्देशों को ध्यानपर्वक पहें।
- कच्चा काम (Rough Work) इस पुस्तिका के अन्तिम पृष्ठ पर करें।
- यदि आप OMR पत्रक पर नियत स्थान के अलावा अपना नाम, रोल नम्बर, फोन नम्बर या कोई भी ऐसा चिह्न जिससे आपकी पहचान हो सके, अंकित करते हैं अथवा अभद्र भाषा का प्रयोग करते हैं, या कोई अन्य अनुचित साधन का प्रयोग करते हैं, जैसे कि अंकित किये गये उत्तर को मिटाना या सफेद स्याही से बदलना तो परीक्षा के लिये अयोग्य घोषित किये जा सकते हैं।
- आपको परीक्षा समाप्त होने पर मूल OMR पत्रक निरीक्षक महोदय को लौटाना आवश्यक है और परीक्षा समाप्ति के बाद उसे अपने साथ परीक्षा भवन से बाहर न लेकर जायें। हालांकि आप परीक्षा समाप्ति पर मूल प्रश्न-पुस्तिका तथा OMR पत्रक की डप्लीकेट प्रति अपने साथ ले जा सकते हैं।
- 10. केवल नीले/काले बाल प्वाईंट पेन का ही इस्तेमाल करें।
- 11. किसी भी प्रकार का संगणक (कैलकुलेटर) या लाग टेबल आदि का प्रयोग वर्जित है।
- 12. गलत उत्तरों के लिए कोई नकारात्मक अंक नहीं हैं।

D-8715 1 P.T.O.

COMPUTER SCIENCE AND APPLICATIONS

PAPER - II

Note: This paper contains **fifty (50)** objective type questions of **two (2)** marks each. **All** questions are **compulsory**. Choose the most appropriate option.

1. How many committees of five people can be chosen from 20 men and 12 women such that each committee contains atleast three women?

(1) 75240

(2) 52492

(3) 41800

(4) 9900

- 2. Which of the following statement(s) is/are false?
 - (a) A connected multigraph has an Eu<mark>ler</mark> Circuit if and only if each of its vertices has even degree.
 - (b) A connected multigraph has an Euler Path but not an Euler Circuit if and only if it has exactly two vertices of odd degree.
 - (c) A complete graph (K_n) has a Hamilton Circuit whenever $n \ge 3$.
 - (d) A cycle over six vertices (C_6) is not a bipartite graph but a complete graph over 3 vertices is bipartite.

Codes:

(1) (a) only

(2) (b) and (c)

(3) (c) only

(4) (d) only

- 3. Which of the following is/are not true?
 - (a) The set of negative integers is countable.
 - (b) The set of integers that are multiples of 7 is countable.
 - (c) The set of even integers is countable.
 - (d) The set of real numbers between 0 and $\frac{1}{2}$ is countable.

Codes:

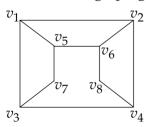
(1) (a) and (c)

2) (b) and (d)

(a) (b) only

(4) (d) only

4. Consider the graph given below :



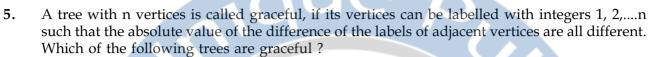
The two distinct sets of vertices, which make the graph bipartite are:

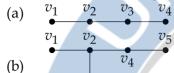
(1) $(v_1, v_4, v_6); (v_2, v_3, v_5, v_7, v_8)$

(2) $(v_1, v_7, v_8); (v_2, v_3, v_5, v_6)$

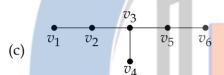
(3) $(v_1, v_4, v_6, v_7); (v_2, v_3, v_5, v_8)$

(4) $(v_1, v_4, v_6, v_7, v_8); (v_2, v_3, v_5)$





 v_3



Codes:

- (2)(a) and (c) (1) (a) and (b) (b) and (c) (3)(4)(a), (b) and (c)
- 6. Which of the following arguments are not valid?
 - "If Gora gets the job and works hard, then he will be promoted. If Gora gets promotion, then he will be happy. He will not be happy, therefore, either he will not get the job or he will not work hard".
 - "Either Puneet is not guilty or Pankaj is telling the truth. Pankaj is not telling the truth, (b) therefore, Puneet is not guilty".
 - If n is a real number such that n>1, then $n^2>1$. Suppose that $n^2>1$, then n>1.

Codes:

- (a) and (c) (b) and (c) (a), (b) and (c) (4) (1)(3) (a) and (b)
- Let P(m, n) be the statement "m divides n" where the Universe of discourse for both the 7. variables is the set of positive integers. Determine the truth values of the following propositions.
 - $\exists m \ \forall n \ P(m, n)$ (a)
- \forall n P(1, n) (b)
- $\forall m \ \forall n \ P(m, n)$ (c)

Codes:

- (a) True; (b) True; (c) False (2)(a) - True; (b) - False; (c) - False (1)
- (a) False; (b) False; (c) False **(4)** (a) - True; (b) - True; (c) - True
- 8. Match the following terms:

List - I

- List II A proof that the implication $p \rightarrow q$ is true based on the fact that (a) Vacuous proof
- A proof that the implication $p \rightarrow q$ is true based on the fact that (b) Trivial proof (ii) q is true.
- Direct proof A proof that the implication $p \rightarrow q$ is true that proceeds by (c) (iii) showing that q must be true when p is true.
- (d) Indirect proof (iv) A proof that the implication $p \rightarrow q$ is true that proceeds by showing that p must be false when q is false.

3

Codes:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1)(i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- (2)(ii) (iii) (i) (iv)
- (3)(iii) (ii) (iv) (i)
- (4)(iii) (ii) (i) (iv)

- 9. Consider the compound propositions given below as:
- $p \vee \sim (p \wedge q)$ (b) $(p \wedge \sim q) \vee \sim (p \wedge q)$
 - $p \wedge (q \vee r)$ (c)

Which of the above propositions are tautologies?

- (1) (a) and (c)
- (2) (b) and (c)
- (3) (a) and (b)
- (a), (b) and (c)
- 10. Which of the following property/ies a Group G must hold, in order to be an Abelian group?
 - (a) The distributive property
 - The commutative property (b)
 - The symmetric property (c)

Codes:

- (1) (a) and (b)
- (2) (b) and (c)
- (3) (a) only
- (4)(b) only

11. Consider the following program:

> #include<stdio.h> main()

```
int i, inp;
float x, term=1, sum=0;
scanf("%d %f", & inp, &x);
for(i=1; i<=inp; i++)
{
     term = term * x/i;
     sum = sum + term;
printf("Result = %f\n", sum);
```

The program computes the sum of which of the following series?

- (1) $x + x^2/2 + x^3/3 + x^4/4 + ...$
- (3) $1 + x^2/2 + x^3/3 + x^4/4 + ...$
- Consider the following **two** statements : 12.
 - A publicly derived class is a subtype of its base class.
 - Inheritance provides for code reuse. (b)

Which one of the following statements is **correct**?

- (1) Both the statements (a) and (b) are correct.
- (2) Neither of the statements (a) and (b) are correct.
- Statement (a) is correct and (b) is incorrect. (3)
- (4) Statement (a) is incorrect and (b) is correct.

- Consider a "CUSTOMERS" database table having a column "CITY" filled with all the names of Indian cities (in capital letters). The SQL statement that finds all cities that have "GAR" somewhere in its name, is:
 - Select * from customers where (1)city = '%GAR%';
 - (2) Select * from customers where city = '\$GAR\$';
 - (3)Select * from customers where city like '%GAR%';
 - (4) Select * from customers where city as '%GAR';
- 14. Match the following database terms to their functions:

List - I

List - II

- Normalization (a)
- Enforces match of primary key to foreign key (i)
- Data Dictionary (b)
- Reduces data redundancy in a database (ii)
- (c) Referential Integrity
- (iii) Defines view(s) of the database for particular user(s)

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- External Schema (d)
- Contains metadata describing database structure (iv)

Codes:

(3)

(a) (b) (c) (d)

(iii)

- (1)(iv) (iii) (i) (ii)
- (2) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii) (iv)

(ii)

- In general, in a recursive and non-recursive implementation of a problem (program): 15.
 - Both time and space complexities are better in recursive than in non-recursive program. (1)
 - (2) Both time and space complexities are better in non-recursive than in recursive program.
 - (3) Time complexity is better in recursive version but space complexity is better in non-recursive version of the program.
 - Space complexity is better in recursive version but time complexity is better in (4)non-recursive version of the program.

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16 .	A three dimensional array in 'C' is declared as int $A[x][y][z]$. Here, the address of an item at
	the location A[p][q][r] can be computed as follows (where w is the word length of an
	integer):

(1) &A[0][0][0] +
$$w(y*z*q+z*p+r)$$

(2) &A[0][0][0] +
$$w(y*z*p+z*q+r)$$

(3) &A[0][0][0] +
$$w(x*y*p+z*q+r)$$

(4) &A[0][0][0] +
$$w(x*y*q + z*p + r)$$

- (1) terminate ()
- (2) unexpected ()
- (3) abort ()
- (4) kill ()

- (1) A specific concrete object with a defined set of processes (e.g. Jatin with diabetes)
- (2) A value given to a particular attribute (e.g. height 230 cm)
- (3) A thing that we wish to collect data about zero or more, possibly real world examples of it may exist
- (4) A template for a group of things with the same set of characteristics that may exist in the real world

(1) Indexes

- (2) User Data
- (3) Application Metadata
- (4) Data Dictionary

20. A relation R = {A, B, C, D, E, F,G} is given with following set of functional dependencies :
$$F = \{AD \rightarrow E, BE \rightarrow F, B \rightarrow C, AF \rightarrow G\}$$

Which of the following is a candidate key?

- (1) A
- (2) AB
- (3) ABC
- (4) ABD

- (1) Association
- (2) Disassociation
- (3) Error correction (4)
- Integration

- (1) Type of service (2)
 - 2) Fragment offset (3)
- Flags
- (4) Identification

23.	Four channels are m	nultiplexed usi	ng TDM.	If each channel	sends 100	bytes/second	and we
	multiplex 1 byte per	r channel, ther	the bit ra	te for the link	is		

· alla

(1) 400 bps

(2) 800 bps

(3) 1600 bps

(4) 3200 bps

24. In a typical mobile phone system with hexagonal cells, it is forbidden to reuse a frequency band in adjacent cells. If 840 frequencies are available, how many can be used in a given cell?

(1) 280

(2) 210

(3) 140

(4) 120

25. Using p=3, q=13, d=7 and e=3 in the RSA algorithm, what is the value of ciphertext for a plain text 5?

(1) 13

(2) 21

(3) 26

(4) 33

26. A virtual memory has a page size of 1K words. There are eight pages and four blocks. The associative memory page table contains the following entries :

Page	Block
0	3
2	1
5	2
7	0

Which of the following list of virtual addresses (in decimal) will **not** cause any page fault if referenced by the CPU ?

(1) 1024, 3072, 4096, 6144

(2) 1234, 4012, 5000, 6200

(3) 1020, 3012, 6120, 8100

(4) 2021, 4050, 5112, 7100

27. Suppose that the number of instructions executed between page fault is directly proportional to the number of page frames allocated to a program. If the available memory is doubled, the mean interval between page faults is also doubled. Further, consider that a normal instruction takes one microsecond, but if a page fault occurs, it takes 2001 microseconds. If a program takes 60 sec to run, during which time it gets 15,000 page faults, how long would it take to run if twice as much memory were available?

(1) 60 sec

(2) 30 sec

(3) 45 sec

(4) 10 sec

28. Consider a disk with 16384 bytes per track having a rotation time of 16 msec and average seek time of 40 msec. What is the time in msec to read a block of 1024 bytes from this disk?

(1) 57 msec

(2) 49 msec

(3) 48 msec

(4) 17 msec

29. A system has four processes and five allocatable resources. The current allocation and maximum needs are as follows:

	Allocated	Maximum	Available	
Process A	10211	11213	0 0 x 1 1	
Process B	20110	22210		
Process C	11010	21310		
Process D	11110	11221		h

The smallest value of x for which the above system in safe state is

- (1) 1
- (2)
- 0 (4)

30. In Unix, the login prompt can be changed by changing the contents of the file

- contrab (1)
- (2) init
- gettydefs (3)
- (4)inittab

A data cube C, has n dimensions, and each dimension has exactly p distinct values in the base cuboid. Assume that there are no concept hierarchies associated with the dimensions. What is the maximum number of cells possible in the data cube, C?

- p^n (1)
- (2)

- (3) $(2^n-1) p+1$
- (4) $(p+1)^n$

32. Suppose that from given statistics, it is known that meningitis causes stiff neck 50% of the time, that the proportion of persons having meningitis is $\frac{1}{50000}$, and that the proportion of people having stiff neck is $\frac{1}{20}$. Then the percentage of people who had meningitis and complain about stiff neck is:

- (1) 0.01%
- (2)0.02%
- 0.04%(3)
- (4)0.05%

_____ system is market oriented and is used for data analysis by knowledge workers 33. including Managers, Executives and Analysts.

- (1) OLTP
- (2) OLAP
- Data System

allows selection of the relevant information necessary for the data warehouse. 34.

8

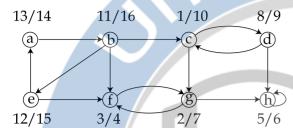
- (1)The Top - Down View
- (2)Data Warehouse View

(3) Datasource View (4)**Business Query View**

35. The hash function used in double hashing is of the form:

- $h(k, i) = (h_1(k) + h_2(k) + i) \mod m$ (2) $h(k, i) = (h_1(k) + h_2(k) i) \mod m$
- (3) $h(k, i) = (h_1(k) + i h_2(k)) \mod m$ (4) $h(k, i) = (h_1(k) i h_2(k)) \mod m$

36. In the following graph, discovery time stamps and finishing time stamps of Depth First Search (DFS) are shown as x/y, where x is discovery time stamp and y is finishing time stamp.



It shows which of the following depth first forest?

- (1) {a, b, e} {c, d, f, g, h}
- (2) {a, b, e} {c, d, h} {f, g}
- (3) {a, b, e} {f, g} {c, d} {h}
- (4) {a, b, c, d} {e, f, g} {h}
- 37. The number of disk pages access in B tree search, where h is height, n is the number of keys, and t is the minimum degree, is:
 - (1) $\theta (\log_n h * t)$
- (2) $\theta (\log_t n * h)$
- (3) $\theta (\log_h n)$
- (4) $\theta (\log_t n)$

38. The inorder traversal of the following tree is:



- **39.** An ideal sort is an in-place-sort whose additional space requirement is ______.
 - (1) $O(\log_2 n)$
- (2) O (nlog₂ n)
- (3) O (1)
- (4) O (n)
- **40.** Which of the following is **not** a congestion policy at network layer?
 - (1) Flow Control Policy
 - (2) Packet Discard Policy
 - (3) Packet Lifetime Management Policy
 - (4) Routing Algorithm

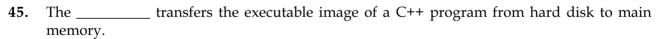
- **41.** Loop unrolling is a code optimization technique :
 - (1) that avoids tests at every iteration of the loop.
 - (2) that improves performance by decreasing the number of instructions in a basic block.
 - (3) that exchanges inner loops with outer loops.
 - (4) that reorders operations to allow multiple computations to happen in parallel.
- **42.** What will be the hexadecimal value in the register ax (32-bit) after executing the following instructions?

mov al, 15 mov ah, 15 xor al, al mov cl, 3 shr ax, cl



- (1) 0F00 h
- (2) 0F0F h
- (3) 01E0 h
- (4) FFFF h

- **43.** Which of the following statements is **false**?
 - (1) Top-down parsers are LL parsers where first L stands for left to right scan and second L stands for a leftmost derivation.
 - (2) (000)* is a regular expression that matches only strings containing an odd number of zeroes, including the empty string.
 - (3) Bottom-up parsers are in the LR family, where L stands for left to right scan and R stands for rightmost derivation.
 - (4) The class of context free languages is closed under reversal. That is, if L is any context free language, then the language $L^R = \{w^R : w \in L\}$ is context free.
- **44.** System calls are usually invoked by using:
 - (1) A privileged instruction
- (2) An indirect jump
- (3) A software interrupt
- (4) Polling



- (1) Compiler
- (2) Linker
- (3) Debugger
- (4) Loader
- **46.** In software testing, how the error, fault and failure are related to each other?
 - (1) Error leads to failure but fault is not related to error and failure.
 - (2) Fault leads to failure but error is not related to fault and failure.
 - (3) Error leads to fault and fault leads to failure.
 - (4) Fault leads to error and error leads to failure.

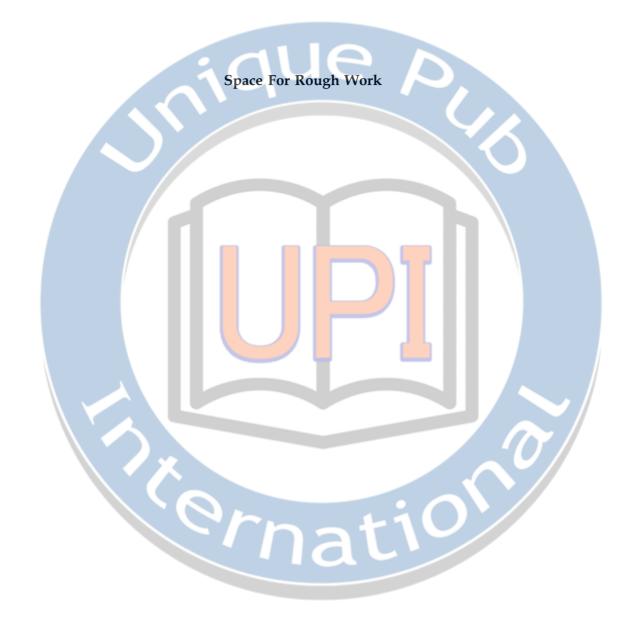
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- 47. Which of the following is **not** a software process model?
 - (1) Prototyping
- (2) Iterative
- (3) Timeboxing
- (4) Glassboxing
- 48. How many solutions are there for the equation x+y+z+u=29 subject to the constraints that $x \ge 1$, $y \ge 2$, $z \ge 3$ and $u \ge 0$?
 - (1) 4960
- **(2)** 2600
- (3) 23751
- (4) 8855
- **49.** A unix file system has 1-KB blocks and 4-byte disk addresses. What is the maximum file size if i-nodes contain 10 direct entries and one single, double and triple indirect entry each?
 - (1) 32 GB
- (2) 64 **G**B
- (3) 16 GB
- (4) 1 GB
- 50. _____ uses electronic means to transfer funds directly from one account to another rather than by cheque or cash.
 - (1) M-Banking
- (2) E-Banking
- (3) O-Banking
- (4) C-Banking

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