

B.Tech II Year I Semester (R15) Regular &amp; Supplementary Examinations November/December 2017

**ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS – II**  
(Electrical and Electronics Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

**PART – A**  
(Compulsory Question)

\*\*\*\*\*

- 1 Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks)
- Define transient State with their classifications.
  - A series RLC circuit with  $R = 10 \Omega$ ,  $L = 2 \text{ H}$  and  $C = 1 \text{ F}$  has a constant voltage of 100 V applied at  $t = 0$ . Determine the initial values of  $I(t)$  and  $di(t)/dt$ .
  - Define phase sequence with their instantaneous e.m.f equations.
  - Draw the balanced delta-delta connection circuit.
  - Mention the properties to be satisfied by the periodic function  $f(t)$  of trigonometric form of Fourier series.
  - Mention the general properties of Fourier transforms.
  - Define tie set and cut set.
  - What is duality? What are dual quantities?
  - Sketch the low pass filter with its quadrant of operation.
  - State incidence matrix.

**PART – B**  
(Answer all five units, 5 X 10 = 50 Marks)

**UNIT – I**

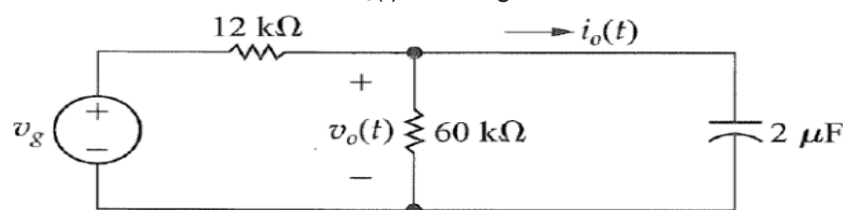
- 2 Prove that pure capacitance when connected across an alternating source draws the current leading over voltage by 90 degree. Show that power consumed by pure capacitance is zero.
- OR**
- 3 A coil of inductance 0.0805 H takes a current of 5 A when connected in series with a 50  $\mu\text{F}$  loss-free capacitor across a 240 V, 50 Hz supply. Calculate: (i) Resistance of the coil. (ii) Power factor of the coil. (iii) The overall power factor. Sketch the phasor diagram.

**UNIT – II**

- 4 Obtain the expressions for star-delta and delta-star equivalence of resistive network.
- OR**
- 5 A balanced, three phase, star-connected load is fed from a 400 V, three phase, 50 Hz supply. The current per phase is 25 A (lagging) and the total active power absorbed by the load is 13.56 kW. Determine: (i) The resistance and inductance of the load per phase. (ii) The total reactive power. (iii) The total apparent power.

**UNIT – III**

- 6 Derive trigonometric Fourier series representation of a periodic signal  $x(t)$  with fundamental period T.
- OR**
- 7 (a) Use the Fourier transform method to calculate  $v_o(t)$  for the given circuit.

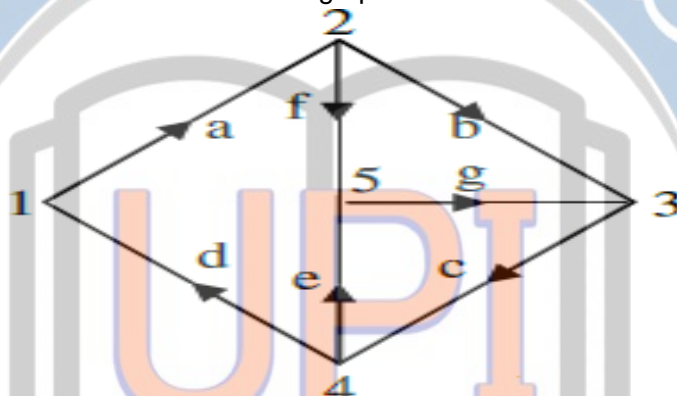


- (b) List the advantages of Fourier series and express its equations with its coefficients.

Contd. in page 2

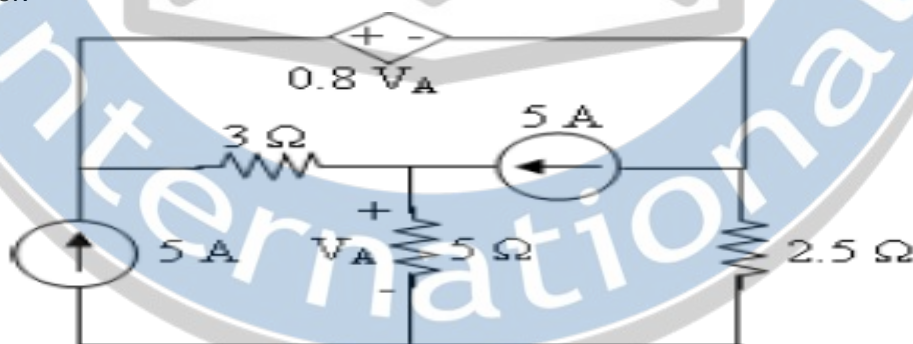
## UNIT – IV

- 8 Find fundamental tie-set and cut-set matrix for the graph and its tree shown below.



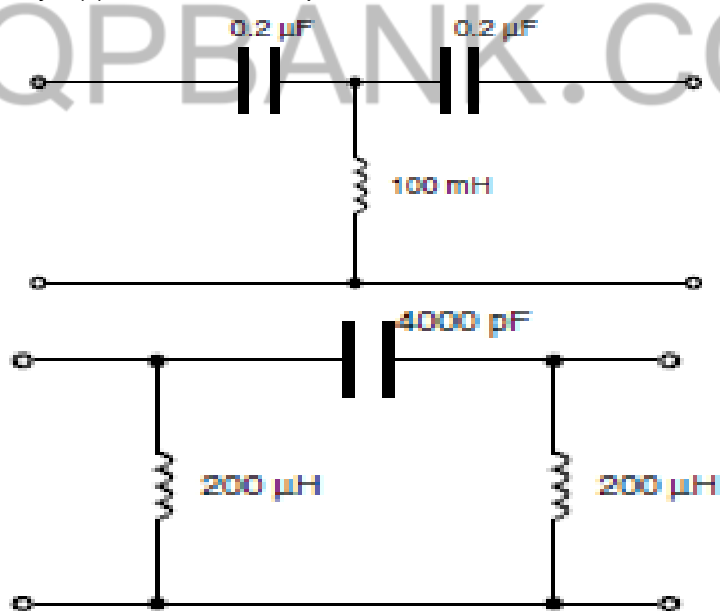
OR

- 9 With the help of nodal analysis on the circuit shown below: Find: (i)  $V_A$ . (ii) The power dissipated in 2.5 ohms resistor.



## UNIT – V

- 10 Determine for each of the high-pass filter sections shown in figure:  
(i) The cut-off frequency. (ii) The nominal impedance.



OR

- 11 Elucidate the following terminologies with an example:  
(i) Node. (ii) Linear graph. (iii) Tree. (iv) Twig. (v) Path.

\*\*\*\*\*