Code: 15A04403



R15

B.Tech II Year II Semester (R15) Regular & Supplementary Examinations May/June 2018

ELECTROMAGNETIC THEORY & TRANSMISSION LINES

(Electronics & Communication Engineering)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70

PART - A

(Compulsory Question)

- 1 Answer the following: $(10 \times 02 = 20 \text{ Marks})$
 - (a) Define vector product of two vectors.
 - (b) Write down Laplace's and Passions equations.
 - (c) State Biot-Savarat law.
 - (d) Describe magnetic vector potential.
 - (e) What is the specialty of Maxwell's third equation?
 - (f) State Faraday's law.
 - (g) Write down the complex poynting vector in rectangular coordinates.
 - (h) Find the velocity of a plane wave in a loss less medium with $\varepsilon r = 4$ and $\mu r = 1$.
 - (i) A 50Ω line is terminated in load $Z_R = 90 + j60\Omega$. Determine VSWR due to this load.
 - (j) What is the need for stub matching in transmission lines?

PART - B

(Answer all five units, 5 X 10 = 50 Marks)

UNIT – I

- 2 Derive the expression for capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor having:
 - (i) Two dielectric media. (ii) Three dielectric media.

OR

Four positive point charges 10⁻⁹ each are situated in x-y plane at points (0, 0), (0, 1) and (1, 0) m. Find the electric field intensity and electric potential at (1/2, 1/2).

UNIT - II

A circular loop located at $x^2 + y^2 = 25$, z = 0 carries a current of 8 A along $\overrightarrow{a_{\phi}}$. Find the magnetic flux density at (0, 0, 6 m).

OR

5 Derive an expression for the torque experienced by a rectangular current loop placed in a magnetic field.

[UNIT - III]

6 Derive the Maxwell's equation both in integral and differential forms.

OR

A circular loop having radius 0.1 m and resistances 5Ω lies in the z = 0 plane. The circular loop is subjected to a magnetic field of $\vec{B} = 0.2 \sin(10^3 t) \, \vec{a}_z (Wb/m^2)$. Find the current in the loop due to induced e.m.f.

UNIT - IV

8 Derive and explain the wave propagation in good dielectric.

OR

9 State and prove poynting theorem.

UNIT – V

An open wire transmission line has R = 10 ohms per km, L = 0.0037 Henry per km, $G = 0.4 \times 10^{-6}$ mhos per km and $C = 0.0083 \times 10^{-6}$ Farad per km. Determine the characteristic impedance and propagation constant. Assume frequency as 1000 Hz.

OR

Derive the equations of attenuation constant and phase constant of a transmission line in terms of R, L, C & G.
